

Haverhill and Buffalo Workers Defend Paper Against Government Attack

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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U.S. LABOR DEPT. ADMITS PERMANENT JOBLESS ARMY

ILLINOIS MINER MILITANTS WANT NATIONAL MEET

150 Delegates Adopt Action Program

BULLETIN
WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. — Investigation of conditions in the soft coal fields of western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, now gripped by strikes, was approved unanimously today by the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee. It was decided to have the inquiry conducted by a sub-committee which can make a first hand inspection of mining camps. Immediate action will be sought in the Senate.

(Special to The Daily Worker)
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 15. (By mail). — 150 delegates from all sections of District 12 met in Belleville Sunday and adopted the program of the Save the Union Committee endorsed by the initial conference in Pittsburgh some weeks ago. The Illinois conference, the third of a series of district meetings organized by the Save the Union Committee, took up both district and national problems of the United Mine Workers.

Support Strike.
Sentiment for 100 per cent support of the striking Pennsylvania and Ohio districts was unanimous as was the opinion that a grave error had been made by the Illinois district in signing a separate agreement. The conference was also unanimous for the Jacksonville contract and against a wage cut.

Endorse National Conference.
After adopting resolutions to fight for the maintenance of the tonnage rates with a differential as a means of maintaining wage standards in spite of the introduction of high-speed machinery, demanding state relief for the thousands of unemployed miners, the conference voted unanimously to call upon the Save the Union Committee to issue a call for a national conference of progressive miners at a date to be set.

Cheer Ziegler Defendants.
"The Coal Digger," the national paper of the Save the Union Committee was endorsed and support pledged to it. An outstanding feature of the meeting was the spontaneous and enthusiastic response to the mention of the Ziegler case in which Henry Corbushley, former secretary of the progressive miners committee, and three other militants have been framed up and sent to Joliet penitentiary with the aid of the Lewis-Fishwick machine for insisting on the enforcement of the Jacksonville contract and the

ARGENTINA QUILTS HAVANA CONFAB

HAVANA, Feb. 15.—Reports that Dr. Honorio Pueyrredon and other Argentine delegates to the sixth Pan-American conference would not attend further sessions of the conference, coupled with the announcement that Dr. Pueyrredon had resigned as head of the Argentine delegation and as ambassador to Washington, were further substantiated today when the Argentine delegates failed to appear at this morning's session of the Committee on Pan-American Union Affairs.

With the Argentina delegation absent the committee was able to give an impression of unanimity to the proceedings of the conference, although the withdrawal of the Argentine delegates was considered as making the conference even less effective than heretofore. The Argentine delegates have been solid for low tariffs and against the right of intervention, and it is believed here that they would resign before carrying out the order from the government in Buenos Aires to sign the Pan-American convention.

ACT ON McNARY BILL.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. — The McNary farm relief bill was reported favorably by the Senate Agriculture Committee today.

SOVIET EXPOSITION CONTINUES.
The Russian exposition, 119 W. 57th St., will continue until Saturday, it was announced last night.

U. S. Marines Goad Nicaraguan Workers Thru Jungle



From the coffee, cacao and banana plantations, from the mines and the harbors, clad often in rags and carrying nothing but their rifles or the machete they use in their labor, the Nicaraguan workers tramped north to swell the ranks of the army of independence under General Sandino in its struggle with the United States marines. A small group of disarmed captives at the muzzles of marine guns is shown.

JOBLESS HUNGRY IN MANY STATES THRUOUT NATION

Reports Show Crisis in Unemployment

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. — The department of labor today in a statement on unemployment conceded that the United States now has a minimum of 1,000,000 permanently unemployed. "It is estimated that this number of persons is idle annually, for one reason or another, in normal times, even in periods of prosperity," a spokesman for the department is quoted as saying.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—An unprecedented wave of unemployment has swept over San Francisco and the Bay District. Over 100,000 are unemployed in the district. Fifty thousand are looking for work in San (Continued on Page Two)

TURN AWAY 1000 AT BOWERY MISSION

Not Enough Food to Go Around

While James A. Hamilton, state labor commissioner, and representatives of several picked charity organizations of New York were completely continuing their survey of the unemployment situation yesterday afternoon more than 1,000 jobless workers, most of them in overalls, were turned away foodless after waiting several hours with about 1,500 other jobless workers for a piece of bread and a swallow of coffee at the Bowery Mission, near Delancey St.

Hundreds Turned Away.
Two blocks away at Hadley Rescue Hall 300 out of about 500 went away at supper time just as hungry as they had come because the mission could not take care of them. The Holy Name Mission near by closed its doors after 250 workers had been fed, leaving around 300 others hungry.

Mass Meeting Tonight.
A mass meeting of the unemployed workers will be held at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., at 7 o'clock tonight under the auspices of the New York Council of the Unemployed, it was announced yesterday. Important questions will come up for action, according to John Di Santo, secretary.

Arrest Unemployed Workers.
A survey to determine the sources of the homeless and jobless workers who have sought admission by the thousand at the Municipal Lodging House is also being made by the city. Many of these workers have been arrested while applying for shelter and summarily sentenced to the workhouse. In the state and city surveys an effort to minimize the seriousness of the employment crisis is being made, according to the New York Unemployment Council.

E. B. Patton, director of the bureau of statistics of the state labor department, yesterday estimated that 200,000 were out of work in New York City. He characterized the situation as the worst since 1894.

Wicks Talks To Unemployed.
Hundreds of unemployed workers filled every corner of the Workers' Club, 101 W. 27th St., yesterday afternoon in an unemployment demonstration under the auspices of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party. The assembled jobless workers voted to join the New York Council of the Unemployed.

H. M. Wicks, representing the Workers Party and The DAILY WORKER, was applauded when he explained that the Workers Party was the only organization with an adequate program for the relief of the hundreds of thousands of unemployed workers in the industrial districts. Wicks assailed the treatment of the jobless workers of New York, forced to wait for hours in the rain and cold in front of religious missions for a meager dole of bread and a few drops of watery coffee, and constantly threatened with arrest.

Demand Instant Relief.
John DeSanto, secretary of the New York Council of the Unemployed, also addressed the jobless workers, describing the program of the council. Julius Fries was chairman of the meeting.

Philadelphia Leaps to Fore in Sub Drive; Connecticut Rival

Philadelphia is rapidly forging into first place in the drive for subscriptions which is bringing thousands of new readers thruout the United States to The DAILY WORKER.

Party Members Must Report for Duty at Headquarters Today

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party are instructed by the district executive committee to report at 11 a. m. today at 108 E. 14th St. for important Party work.

BUTCHER WORKERS ELECT LEFT WING

Progressives Win Full Control in Union

In spite of the fact that the elections in the Hebrew Butcher Workers Union were held in the building of the right wing Jewish Daily Forward, the elections resulted in a complete victory of the left wing. The terroristic tactics of the right wing, such as calling in squads of gangsters who not only voted but who tried to prevent legitimate union men from voting, helped the bureaucratic officialdom very little. The majority on the most vital body in the union, the executive committee, was gained by the militants. In addition the chairmanship of the union, as well as the vice chairmanship was won.

Only One Right Winger.
The only important post the right wing was able to retain was the office of paid organizer. H. Korn, the \$125 per week official still holds on to his job. It is clear, however, that with the final control in the hands of the executive board his power will be considerably restricted.

Members of the union declared that the union will now force the paid official to do more organizing work.

In an executive board that consists of seven members the left wing succeeded in getting four seats, with an additional one in the chairmanship of the board. The newly elected vice chairman of the union Max Teitelbaum will act as board chairman. Eli Werner, a left winger, was elected as the president of the union. Teitelbaum, the vice chairman, was also elected to serve as one of the three trustees of the organization.

A laughable feature of the elections took place after the balloting was completed. Korn, realizing his defeat, asked the left wingers not to count the votes the same night, pleading that he was tired. He generously offered to lock the ballot box into the safe of which he had the combination. He even offered to give someone a key to the ballot box. "We will count them tomorrow," said he. He was highly indignant when his sincerity was questioned. Those terrible lefts simply insisted that he lose his sleep.

KILLS POWER TRUST PROBE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The senate tonight, by a vote of 46 to 31, adopted an amendment by Senator Walter F. George of Georgia to refer the power trust investigation to the federal commission. This is equivalent to killing the investigation, as the trade commission is notoriously an agency of the great trusts.

WORKERS PROTEST ANTI-STRIKE LAW

Hearing on Bill Opens Today

Thousands of organized workers of Greater New York last night started what is expected to be a country-wide labor protest against the step back to involuntary servitude.

This morning under the auspices of the American Bar Association, 42 West 44th Street, a hearing will open on the plan to draft a national anti-strike law, which it is pointed out, is completely subjecting the labor movement to the control of the courts and the power of arbitrators.

2000 Protest.
Over two thousand workers last night attended a mass meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, to protest against the move. The meeting was an initial move in a country-wide labor demonstration against the proposal, Wm. Z. Foster, national Secretary of the Trade Union Educational League joined with Ben Gitlow, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and other speakers in denouncing the bill as a move to enslave the workers.

Officials Surrender.
Poster pointed out that the scheme, favored by the employers, the open shoppers and anti-union forces, has been launched at just the time when the labor officials have surrendered and when the drive of the employers has reduced the miners unions to a mere skeleton. At this moment the move is intended to make secure what the employers have already gained.

Gitlow urged the mass protest of all the workers in the country to defeat the combined efforts of the employers and the labor officials. John J. Ballam, local secretary of the Trade Union Educational League presided.

No Punishment for R.R. Officials, Is Report

HOUSTON, Feb. 15.—Railroad officials of the Southern Pacific will not be punished for violating an injunction issued against them through the efforts of officials of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, in the opinion of observers here.

Judge J. C. Hutcheson before whom the case is now pending has given these officials until Monday to promise to be good thereafter. In the meantime the damage which the railroad has done in breaking up the union remains unremedied.

MINERS FACE FAMINE IN PENN. TOWN

Starvation Doing What Coal Cops Couldn't; Relief Urgent

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 15.—Having received no relief for two weeks from the district office of the United Mine Workers of America, the striking miners of Parnassus are on the verge of literal starvation.

The operators hope that the men cannot bear to see their children go hungry much longer and that they will be forced back to work on any terms. There is no use denying the fact that hunger is threatening to accomplish what deputy sheriffs and coal and iron policemen have not succeeded in doing. Relief must be sent immediately to help hold the strike line intact.

I. R. T. Injunction Plea Denied; Traction Organization Legal

The Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees and the American Federation of Labor legally may now organize the traction workers on the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, according to a decision handed down yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Isaac Wasservogel in the application by the Interborough to restrain the Amalgamated and the Federation from organizing efforts. The injunction if granted would have outlawed the existing unions from the New York traction lines.

In the decision, finding on every point for the union, Justice Wasservogel wrote: "Where an employee abandons all right to leave the service of his employer, whereas the employer reserves practically entire freedom to discharge him, there is no compensating consideration."

Organization Promised.
At the headquarters of the Amalgamated, Continental Hotel, the decision was hailed a "great victory." "We are confident," the union said in a statement, "that the organization of the Interborough employees will now proceed at once." The officials of the Amalgamated who have been working with the Tammany controlled labor officialdom in the city have been criticized for failing to work out any real organization program and for having practically

WIDE PROTEST ON COLO. DECISION

By WINIFRED R. MOORES

(Special to The Daily Worker)
DENVER, Colo., Feb. 15.—State-wide protest has arisen over the report on the Orr case which Governor Adams yesterday forwarded to Secretary of State Kellogg. Orr, a striking miner and a British subject, was held for seventeen days in various southern Colorado jails last November without charges, and on his release was taken into the country and severely beaten by state police. Upon receiving protests, Secretary Kellogg asked Governor Adams to investigate Orr's case, and after two months Adams has sent a report which is reported to have whitewashed the state police from all charges of the beating off Orr.

To Protest Transfer

A parents' committee will again appear before the board of education this morning to present their objection to the proposed transfer of the children of Public Schools 19 and 60 of Brooklyn.

Jobless Workers to Meet at Manhattan Lyceum Tonight

A mass meeting of jobless workers will be held at 7 o'clock tonight at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., under the auspices of the New York Council of Unemployed. Important questions will be taken up at the meeting.

MILITANTS ACT ON "WORKER" APPEAL

Set Example With Large Contributions

One week ago the Plenum of the Workers (Communist) Party issued its appeal for the working class to come to the aid of The DAILY WORKER which the American capitalists and their henchmen are threatening with extinction. Today scores of letters containing contributions are pouring into the "WORKER" office witnessing to the loyalty of the militant American workers to their paper and their determination to save it from the organized attacks of its class enemies.

"We are sending you a check for \$35," writes one group of workers in Haverhill, Mass., "to defend The DAILY WORKER. We realize that the reactionaries will use everything in their power to crush The DAILY WORKER but we also know what The DAILY WORKER means to us and we promise to do everything in our power to defend our paper. We call upon all militant workers to follow our example."

"Enclosed you will find a check for \$32," writes another group in Buffalo, N. Y. "We know it is small but the comrades are eager to donate, many of them are out of work. But if every unit will do as well as this (Continued on Page Two)

Umbrella Workers Call Strike Against Cut

A shop strike was yesterday declared by the United Umbrella and Handle Makers' Union against the Famous Umbrella Co., 34 E. 21st St., in opposition to a wage cut which was introduced by the firm on Tuesday.

Yesterday, M. Pearlman, senior member of the firm sought to arrest seven pickets of the union who were marching before the entrance to its place of business. As no charges were made by Pearlman, the pickets were released by the police officer who had taken them into custody.

Secretary I. Glass, of the union, announced that the employers in the industry were seeking to take advantage of the growing unemployment by enforcing wage cuts. "Strikes will be called wherever such an attempt will affect union workers," it was announced.

Picketing will go on at the headquarters of the Famous Umbrella Co. until the wage cut order is revoked, union officers stated.

Textile Barons Announce Huge Profits Along with Wage-Cuts and Lay-Offs

U. S. LABOR DEPT. ADMITS JOBLESS ARMY PERMANENT

Hungry Unemployed in Many States

(Continued from Page One)

Francisco alone. The open-shop interests are making a strong campaign to fight the organized labor movement and the Community Chest drive is capitalizing on the critical situation to raise funds while the working class is lining up in the soup kitchens and getting hand outs.

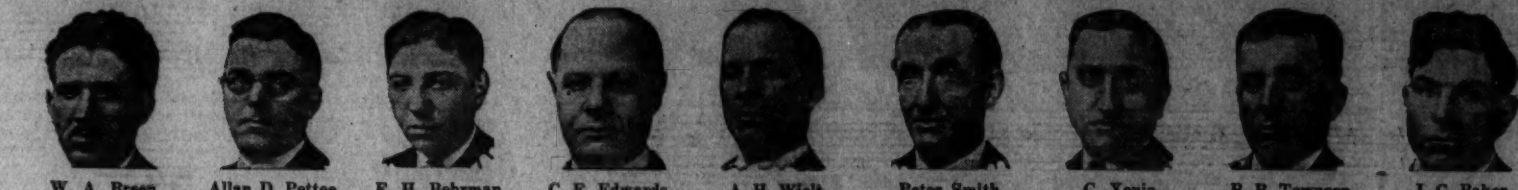
The board of supervisors are spending a good deal of time talking about the critical situation but so far have been using the situation as a political football. In view of the critical situation and the danger to the labor movement and the critical condition of the unemployed the Central Labor Council of San Francisco in a resolution has called on the board of supervisors to hold public conferences composed of delegates of all labor unions, central and building trades bodies, and all other working class organizations.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 15.—The desperate plight of the unemployed in Cleveland was illustrated last Saturday when 15 workers conspired to be auctioned off at the Public Square to anyone willing to provide food and shelter. The auctioneer, Sadie Van Veen offered Carl Boby and Marion Fisher to the crowd. Police arrested the auctioneer and the "slaves" before any bids were made. It was difficult for police to fix the charge. At first it was decided to charge the workers with "holding a public auction without a permit." This was changed to "holding a public demonstration without a permit," and finally the workers were held for "violation of the park laws."

The city authorities are determined to break up the Unemployed Council. Last week three unemployed workers were fined \$25 each and costs for "common buggery" when they were arrested for participating in a Tag Day for the unemployed.

The one place the unemployed may go to without cost, the Wayfarers' Lodge, has to turn away hundreds. The Welfare Bureau of the city is doing nothing. The unions are also doing nothing even for union members who are jobless.

Gas Workers Slave, a Lifetime, Then Get Medals and Certificates for Bravery



W. A. Breen Allan D. Petter F. H. Behrman C. E. Edwards A. H. Wielt Peter Smith C. Xenia B. B. Townson J. C. Baker

The above workers of the Consolidated Gas Company received medals and paper testimonials for bravery from the company. The gas workers in New York are practically totally unorganized, and work under conditions of constant danger at low wages. Heroic acts are all in the day's work for these workers, but the bosses give them pieces of metal or paper as rewards instead of decent wages and conditions. The formation of a huge power trust, of which the Consolidated Gas Company will be a member, has just been reported. Thus all the power companies will unite against the workers who are rendered helpless by their unorganized condition.

Drive Miners From Company Shacks; Scabs Go In



Into the snow and the freezing wintry blasts have gone over 100,000 miners and their families (small children, too) in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Colorado. The coal operators thought that this would bring the miners to their knees, but they did not reckon on the hardihood of the miners, their wives and children, born of generations of suffering. Scabs now occupy the company shacks, shown above, using what were once the miners' homes for brothels and gambling places.

MILITANTS ACT ON THE "DAILY" APPEAL; SET EXAMPLE WITH BIG CONTRIBUTIONS

(Continued from Page One)

We will save The DAILY WORKER.

"I received your appeal for funds a few days ago," writes a street nucleus in California, "tho too late to get it to you by Feb. 7th. I am sending you \$40 as our monthly pledge."

Workers Respond.

Scores of letters of which these extracts are only an example are pouring into the aid of The DAILY WORKER, testifying to the absolute devotion of the militant American workers to their daily press. From coast to coast the workers have met the appeal to save The DAILY WORKER like one man.

But in spite of the generosity and loyalty with which the American workers are responding to the appeal for funds to save The DAILY WORKER in the campaign which its enemies in the capitalist class are waging against it, the need for contributions is pressing.

Hundreds of dollars are still needed to prepare the defense. The DAILY WORKER must make to keep Wm. F. Dunne, Bert Miller and Alex Bittelman, now out on \$1,000 bail each, from five years apiece in the cells of the federal penitentiaries which the American capitalists and their patriots, the American militarist and patriotic societies, are preparing for them.

Every cent forwarded for the defense of The DAILY WORKER and the three arrested Communists is a blow struck to defeat such enemies of the American workers in the attack by which they hope to break to pieces the militant American labor movement and silence its only militant daily organ, The DAILY WORKER.

Rush your contributions to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

THREATEN MINERS WITH EVICTION AS CHILDREN STARVE

Ohio Relief Collected Under Cops' Guns

(Continued from Page One)

should redouble their efforts to raise funds to provide food and clothing for the miners and their destitute dependents. Relief committees should speed up the work and individuals should organize committees where none exist. The need is urgent. Send all remittances to the Pennsylvania-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Order Mass Evictions in Ohio.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 15.—With coal production in the state of Ohio reduced to 200,000 a month, from the former grand total of 3,000,000 and mass evictions threatened on April 1st when the terms of a federal injunction become effective, the eleven-month-old struggle between union miners and non-union operators is approaching a climax.

State militiamen are held in readiness to turn their guns on the strikers even while they are collecting relief under the direction of Governor Donahy. A little food will make them softer targets for national guard bullets!

The Lewis machine in Ohio apparently has broken down completely. It is making no attempt to give a lead to the strike. The initiative is now being taken by the rank and file and a new spirit has crept into the union. In the growth of this movement under militant leadership lies the hope of victory for the miners.

One Meal a Day for These Miners' Children



A bare meal of soup, crackers and coffee is being ravenously eaten by these miners' youngsters in Pennsylvania who have tasted nothing for 24 hours. There are tens of thousands of children on the verge of starvation in the mine districts of Pennsylvania, Colorado, and Ohio. Their fathers are fighting to obtain a decent wage so that this sort of thing will no longer be the lot of the miners' families. Workers who cannot see the children of other workers starve must send relief, which is immediately needed, in the shape of clothing or funds to the Pennsylvania Ohio Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, or 799 Broadway, New York City.

ILL. MINER MILITANTS WANT NATIONAL MEET; 120 DELEGATES ADOPT PROGRAM

(Continued from Page One)

abolition of coal operators' influence in the United Mine Workers.

One of the most encouraging features of the conference was the presence of John Watts, Dan, Slinger, Freeman, Thompson and other well known militants and their active participation in the business of the meeting. There appears to be a real revival of the famous fighting spirit of the Illinois miners which slackened somewhat after the separate agreement was signed by the Lewis-Fishwick machine.

Previous to the conference, Walter Neah, district secretary and Lewis Neahman, had sent out a statement forbidding union members to attend it and threatening dire penalties. To

add weight to the threat, Gus Frits, district executive board member who formerly showed some progressive tendencies but is now a creature of the machine, was sent to Belleville to spy upon the conference and report its decisions.

The delegates showed much resentment at this presence and he left before the conference ended.

Fine Spirit.

The general opinion here following the conference is that the Illinois miners are once more in the fight to save the union, that the slogan "Lewis Must Go" has already a wide base of support in this district and that at the coming national conference there will be a large and militant Illinois delegation.

\$700,000 PROFIT AFTER WAGE-CUTS IN MASS. MILLS

Five Textile Firms Increase Profits

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 15.—Just as the outstanding news from the New England industrial centers has been marked for the past few weeks by almost daily announcements of new wage cuts in the textile mills, so have the dispatches of recent days been full of stock dividend declarations by these same mill owners.

Others Follow Suit.

In addition to the statements issued by some of the mills in New Bedford, which showed profits of over \$700,000 for 5 mills, a further number of corporations followed suit yesterday. The Blumenthal Company's balance sheets declare profits of \$1,066,104. This firm owns and operates the Shelton Looms. Belding, Hemmingsway Company announces dividends amounting to \$521,952. The profits of the Pilgrim Mills of Fall River were \$180,000. The Butler Mills of New Bedford declare earnings of 111,008, and the Boott Mills of Lowell had \$77,654.

Proves Statements False. Along with the posting of every wage slash notice in the plants came an explanation that this step was unwillingly taken by the employer. The bosses said that they were compelled to take reduced wages in order not to run their factories at a deficit.

While it is true that the manufacturers succeeded in putting over a average wage cut of 10 per cent on such a great mass of workers, with very little organized resistance from the operatives, the smoldering resentment evident may easily be fanned into a flame by just such announcements as these, in spite of the fact that the mill owners had the active cooperation of the textile union officialdom in preventing strike developments.

Workers Act.

Word has not reached here yet as to the action of the membership of the Fall River Textile Council which was to meet last night to decide upon a course of action in view of the recent refusal of the employers' association to eliminate the wage cut. A stormy meeting is expected because the Textile Council leadership is known to be opposed to active resistance.

Tasks of Workers (Communist) Party Analyzed by Jay Lovestone in Report

(EIGHTH INSTALLMENT.)

(Continued from yesterday.)

"A few words about some mistakes and shortcomings of the Party. We have committed a number of mistakes since the last Party convention. I believe, in general, the Party press and the Daily Worker have improved since the convention, yet the Party as a whole is not taking a sufficiently vigorous interest in the press and the press does not reflect the Party life and the Party campaigns sufficiently.

"2. Immediately after the convention we made a serious error in neglecting to push vigorously factory papers.

"3. In the fight against the war danger, in a number of districts, very dangerous pacifist illusions manifested themselves.

"Opportunistic errors have also been made in the last election campaign. I can cite the Bearak case in Boston which was condemned by the Secretariat, the conduct of the comrades in conducting the election campaign in Worcester, and certain very dangerous manifestations in western Pennsylvania where some of our comrades were so anxious for political participation that they even stepped into the primaries in the republican party. The Pittsburgh district committee promptly and sharply corrected this error.

"However, we made errors in the election campaign not only of a right character. We have not yet shed completely or sufficiently the remnants of our yesterday's mechanical, anti-parliamentary attitude. This we must shed if we are to participate successfully in election campaigns as a party.

"The late start in the miners' relief campaign was a costly mistake and served to weaken the whole mining campaign of the Party.

"The faction-breeding conference arrangements in the Jewish fraction must be characterized very strongly as not helping Party unity but as hurting party unity. I refer concretely to the Central Committee error in allowing two resolutions to be presented on the basis of groups after the convention decision for the abolition of groups.

"The failure of the Party center to respond quickly enough to certain situations such as Nicaragua, China and the unemployment must be mentioned as a serious mistake.

"Insufficient support in laying the basis for organizing the labor party committees was also an error. Comrades in the districts particularly

have not pushed this vital step towards the building of a labor party movement.

"This plenum should make note of such inactivity.

"Insufficient participation of certain language fractions in party campaigns and life. I speak of the mining campaign. With very few exceptions the language fractions participated vigorously in the mining campaign.

"Another error, a very costly one, was the insufficient and not quick enough orientation towards the sharpening developments in the mining campaign. Not only the districts, but the party as a whole, the party center must share in this blame. It is true we are now making big headway. I say we could have made much greater headway and been in a much safer position if we had not made this mistake.

"Briefly, what are the shortcomings of our Party? Our Party apparatus is still weak. It is our opinion that our Party apparatus today is still too weak to withstand well a severe offensive against our organization. The organization conference of the central committee must take positive steps to remedy this situation.

"We also have the weakness of Party auxiliaries. The Party auxiliaries, almost without exception, do not serve sufficiently as reservoirs for Party membership and following.

"We still have some lingering factionalism and remnants of old groupings. Here we must avoid particularly any attempt as some comrades of the Polburo tend to do, at generalizing into a characteristic of policy, into a wrong estimate of basic policy, when a mistake may be made here and there.

"Insufficient basis in the trade unions, insufficient proportion of native born workers, weakness in election campaigns, weakness of the Women's Department and the Negro work, insufficient development of our theoretical level, insufficient capacity to attract working class forces in the campaign against the imperialist war danger, insufficient initiative of comrades in voluntary routine work are among our worst shortcomings. We have in our Party an insufficient response to any call for such basic, yes, so-called 'Jimmy Higgins' work. We must have much more of that throughout the Party.

"Finally, the lack of workers' correspondents is a serious shortcoming of the Party.

"To conclude: The fundamental

tasks, the outstanding problems and tasks of the Party divide themselves largely in the following six main lines:

"First of all: the problem of an adequate program for the depression period. This is the key to our Party activities. The energetic execution of our unemployment program, demands on the government, the organization of the unemployed councils, the intensification of the labor party campaign, the intensification of the fight against wage cuts, against lengthen hours with concrete activities and slogans must be pushed to the fore. For instance, the 40 hour week slogan. For instance, the popularization in an agitational sense of the fact that in the Soviet Union we have a seven-hour day. This must be pointed out by the Party in its agitational field much more than it has been today. The question of Soviet Russian recognition, the fight against new forms of class collaboration must be emphasized. In the general propaganda and activities against capitalism as such, I think our Party has been particularly weak in this respect. Here we must work much harder.

"We attack the government very well. We expose capitalist democracy effectively but we have not centered our blows sufficiently against capitalism as an economic system. We have not pointed out sufficiently the costly losses suffered by the workers thru the capitalist system. Finally, great weight must be lent to aggressive fight for a genuine social insurance program.

"Second: The Labor Party. We have reaffirmed the unanimously adopted labor party policy as here-with given. We recognize that the sentiment for a labor party is today much bigger than its organizational strength.

"We must prepare now. Whether there will be a labor party ticket or even a united labor ticket in 1928 we must prepare now as part of the labor party campaign for the Workers Party running its own national ticket and being on the ballot in as many states as possible. This is a task which every district organizer must meet and execute most energetically. This is a task the achievement of which enables us to mobilize larger sections of our Party than any of our other tasks. We must raise a campaign fund of \$100,000, not only for the labor party and the Party election campaign, but also to build and strengthen our Party weapons and apparatus such as the Daily

Worker for this effective campaign.

"Third: The crisis in the trade unions: Let me say that the critical condition in which the trade unions find themselves set before us tremendous tasks. The masses are awakening to the danger and the slogan, 'Save the Unions' is a living slogan. We must raise this slogan and mobilize increasing masses. The organization of the unorganized, the defense of the standard of living of the working class, the question of amalgamation—these are vital questions today in facing the crisis of the trade unions. We do not utilize this slogan of the crisis in the trade unions in a manner to promote panic. We utilize the slogan of the crisis in the trade unions in order to point out to the workers that they must fight.

"In general we reaffirm the resolution as adopted by the Executive Committee of the Central Committee last May. But in view of the sharpening situation—in view of the new economic conditions, we declare that we must not allow ourselves to make a fetish of opposition to dual unionism as such in our campaigns to organize the unorganized. We must organize the unorganized and take the leadership in it at all costs. As long as there be opposition against the organization of the unorganized in the labor movement. Here the mining campaign is of basic importance. We ask the comrades in the districts who have not mobilized well enough to the demand of the Central Committee to come into this campaign without the slightest fear of splitting the miners union. The miners union is split to smithereens now and we are the only ones who can save it. Our general slogans here are clear as above indicated. And last, but not least, in the crisis in the trade unions, is the building up of the Trade Union Educational League. I did not mention this before but I want to emphasize that one of the mistakes of the Party since the convention has been insufficient re-nouveau and even opposition here and there to building strong local sections of the Trade Union Educational League. This must be stopped, if we are to do all we can to meet the crisis in the trade unions.

"Fourth: the war danger: this fight is now assuming a much more than abstract character. It is our opinion that the secretariat should be empowered, under the direction of the political committee, to work out certain basic tasks. We must fight

more decisively the pacifist illusions. I might mention to the comrades in the Minnesota (huge applause by Tallentire, D.-O. 9) district that they have done very well in not failing to organize anti-war movements. It is my contention and I think it is the opinion of the central committee, that the comrades in the Minnesota district must fight more energetically certain pacifist illusions which have crept in. We must take more effective steps to organize the masses.

"I think we have fallen down in one phase of activity here. We must popularize much more extensively against pacifism the peace program given by Comrade Litvinoff for the Soviet Union at the last Geneva conference. We must also learn that we must propagandize those masses that are against war to become real opponents of war by propagandizing for interference with war preparations and raising such slogans not as 'against war,' but as 'against imperialist war,' and raising the slogan

'not a man, not a dollar for imperialist war in China,' etc.

"Fifth: The road to the development of a mass Communist party lies in the development of correct tactics, in the united front efforts of the Party. Our basic policy here is good.

"We maintain that there is increasing opportunity for the Party as a party to appear before the workers as a party in the present struggles. The Party should show its face much more to the masses as a Party and more frequently and openly. Our basic line here remains: First of all: the greatest possible mobilization of masses for struggle with a view of developing left movements amongst the non-Communist workers. Secondly, the bringing closer to the Party and under its influence non-Party masses, and thus to build and strengthen our Party organization.

"Because of the conditions of the class struggle today, the center of gravity of the united front campaigns

now tends to shift to the united front from the bottom much more than from the top. On the question of united fronts we also have our relations to the I. W. W. and the socialist party. Comrade Foster in the trade union report will elaborate our position towards the I. W. W. particularly in view of the recent developments in Colorado. Insofar as the socialist party is concerned, we have stated our opinion in the characterization of the political situation in the country.

To be continued.

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 To Aid Political Prisoners
 DANCING RESTAURANT MUSIC
 EXHIBITIONS CONCERTS
 Five Big Days
 MARCH
 7-8-9-10-11
 WEDNESDAY
 THURSDAY
 FRIDAY
 SATURDAY
 SUNDAY

At
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 TICKETS ON SALE at I. L. D. office, 799 Broadway, Room 422; Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 106 University Place; Proletcos Cafeteria, 30 Union Square; Daily Worker, 33 East 1st Street.

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to our readers

Many of our readers like to get the DAILY WORKER at their newsstands or news-dealers, and for various reasons cannot get it.

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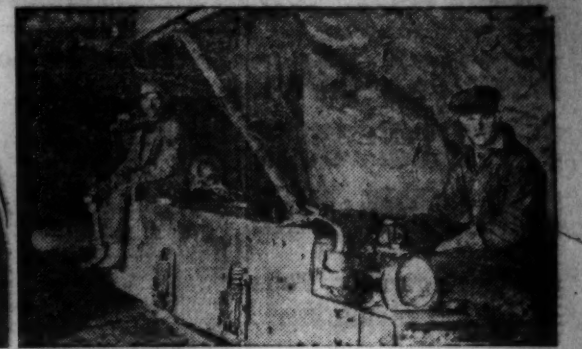
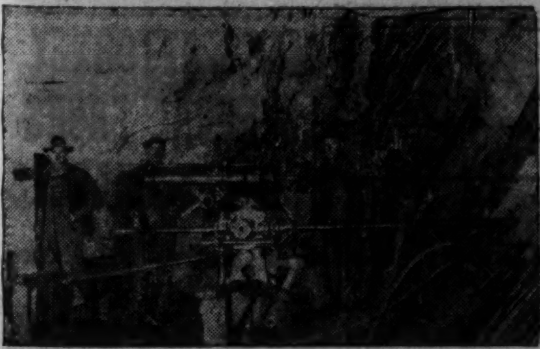
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ONTARIO GOVERNMENT IGNORES MINE BLAST THAT SNUFFS OUT LIVES OF 39 WORKERS



No steps have yet been taken by the Ontario government to fix responsibility for the explosion at the Hollinger gold mine, Timmins, Ontario, which snuffed out the lives of 39 workers. Pictures show various views of the mine (the second largest gold mine in the world). Woman (at right) is mother of one of the young miners who was killed in the explosion.

Boycott of British Goods is Planned in Calcutta as India Protest Spreads

UNIONS ENDORSE PROTEST DRIVE AGAINST SIMON

Plan Big Demonstration for Monday

CALCUTTA, India, Feb. 15. — A boycott against British goods to protest against the Simon commission which is due here Monday has been proclaimed by the Nationalist leaders of Bengal. Numerous trade union organizations have passed resolutions endorsing the boycott.

Plans are being made for a large demonstration to be held on Monday to protest against the commission. Organizations here have protested against the killing of a demonstrator in Madras on February 3rd, when protest meetings were held in Madras and Bombay.

LONDON, (By Mail). — More than two hundred Indian natives have been arrested in connection with the demonstrations held in Bombay and Madras on February 3rd to protest against the arrival of the Simon statutory commission.

DEATH RATE DROP IN SOVIET UNION

MOSCOW, (By Mail). — The tremendous strides made by the Soviet Union in combatting mortality is evident from figures made public recently. The death rate in the Soviet Union has shown a more rapid decline since 1913 than it has in any European country.

In Czarist Russia, the death rate was 30 per cent greater than in backward countries like Bulgaria and Portugal. In 1923, Rumania, Portugal and Bulgaria top the mortality lists.

Whereas the death rate in the Soviet Union is only 69 per cent of what it was in the same territory in 1923, the death rate in France has only increased 2 per cent; in Great Britain, 16 per cent; and in Germany 22 per cent.

Greek Workers, Peasants Protest Fascist Regime

ATHENS, (By Mail). — The present regime in Greece is following in the footsteps of the Pangelos dictatorship.

Pangelos arrested 500 revolutionary workers, among them all of the members of the Central Executive Committee of the Greek Communist Party, and exiled them to a small, unhealthy island where they were compelled to live on wild fruit and grass. The present regime, after falsely charging the Greek Communist Party with "organizing a movement to deliver Macedonia to Bulgaria," has arrested and imprisoned scores of militant workers.

The fascist tactics of the government instead of decreasing the influence of the Greek Communist Party, has strengthened it considerably. The growing militancy of Greek labor is shown by the war which is being waged by the mass of workers against the bureaucracy of the General Confederation of Labor. The Federation of Workers in the Food Industries, the Tobacco Workers Federation, the typographical unions and the Federation of Traction Workers are all fighting against the reactionary bureaucracy. Even the building trades unions responded to the call of the food workers for a militant struggle against the bureaucrats.

The present coalition government, which is supposed to include "progressive elements," betrayed its true character in the expulsion of ten representatives of the workers and peasants from Parliament. The government has ordered the arrest of hundreds of militant workers, many of whom have been exiled to desert islands, where they would certainly

Chinese War Lords Fighting at Hsuehchow

SHANGHAI, Feb. 15. — Gen. Sun Fang has driven back the Nanking troops after heavy fighting in the direction of Hsuehchow, said dispatches from the front today.

Two divisions of Nanking troops are being sent out to reinforce the soldiers on the line.

Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, who has been conferring with Gen. Feng Yu-shiang, is hastening to Hsuehchow.

ULTIMATUM FOR MEXICO REACTION

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 15. — Gen. Francisco Carrillo, chief of military operations in the state of Guanajuato, has issued a proclamation dated Feb. 14 giving the reactionaries in that state eight days in which to lay down their arms, said a dispatch from Guanajuato today.

All who refuse will be executed by a firing squad if captured. Rebels in Guanajuato are interfering with rail traffic between Mexico City and Guanajuato.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 15. — After an all day battle near Troaju, state of Michoacan, a large force of religious reactionaries was defeated by federalists, Gen. Juan Dominguez, federal commander in Michoacan, reported to the war office today.

The rebels were entrenched, but were dislodged by a flanking operation.

Members of "Peasant" Party in Parliament Of Rumania on Strike

BUCHAREST, Feb. 15. — Members of the Peasant Party have withdrawn from parliament to protest against the suspension of former Premier Alexandru Vaida-Voevod by a majority vote. Vaida-Voevod is one of the leaders of the Peasant Party.

The suspension was a result of the fight in the chamber several days ago when Maniu, leader of the Peasant Party, called the minister of education an "election thief."

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MORE TROOPS IN MARCH NORTH TO SUPPORT SANDINO

Nationalist Army Is Well-Armed

MANAGUA, Jan. 15. — A large force of nationalist troops under "General Irias," subordinate of General Sandino, is marching from the Coco River region to join the main body of revolutionary troops near Matagalpa, according to reports received here. The main body of troops under Sandino, is moving north from the Matagalpa region.

Observers here believe that Sandino's force now consists of 500 well-trained and well-drilled troops, capable of moving thru the mountainous regions with amazing rapidity. The troops are mounted and armed with rifles, pistols, automatic rifles and a number of machine guns. A train of twenty mules carries a large reserve of ammunition, according to reports received here.

LONG TERMS FOR ITALIAN WORKERS

GENEVA, (By Mail). — Fourteen Italian workers charged with being members of the illegal Italian Communist Party have been sentenced by a military court in Rome to terms ranging from one to twelve years.

The former Communist deputy Damen, was sentenced to twelve years, Masieri to ten, and the remainder of the prisoners from one to six years.

The only charged leveled against the workers was membership in the illegal Communist Party. The Party has distributed a large number of leaflets recently calling attention to the anti-labor activities of the Fascist regime.

U. S. GRAB FOR CUBA AIR LINE

HAVANA, Feb. 15. — The first step for the establishment of a commercial air service thruout Cuba to be financed, it is believed by New York interests, was taken today when Capt. Eduardo Laborde of the Cuba air service and Capt. C. D. Collier of the United States air service began a preliminary survey.

President Machado signed the order for the survey yesterday. United States companies, it is stated, are seeking to establish air lines thruout the Caribbean area. Lindbergh's recent flight to Havana, was designed in part, it is stated, to stir up interests in commercial aviation in Cuba.

Atheist Society Tells Of Progress Being Made

Atheism in the United States is steadily growing, according to a report by the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism, which outlines the organization work in 1927.

The report states that there are tendencies toward atheism in the church itself with an increasing number of clergymen conducting services at which no prayers are offered and no reference made to a god. The report states also that the association's greatest achievement last year was the foundation of the American Anti-Bible Society. This organization has been denied a charter in the courts so far.

\$40,000,000 MORE FOR DRIES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. — The House today affirmed an appropriation of \$13,000,000 for the prohibition bureau for the fiscal year starting July 1, and \$28,640,000 besides for the Coast Guard, most of which will be used against rum runners.

Yugoslavia Cabinet Crisis Is Unbroken

BELGRADE, Feb. 15. — Yugoslavia's long-drawn cabinet crisis is still unbroken.

Former Premier Yukitchevich informed King Alexander today that he was unable to form a new ministry. It is probable that a temporary coalition government will be formed to handle the budget.

U. S. PACT WITH FASCISTI LOOMS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15. — Italy has formally signified her desire to negotiate a new arbitration treaty with the United States, to replace the Root Treaty, which expired in 1924.

The state department announced today that negotiations would begin shortly. They will be conducted here, through the Italian ambassador, Novile De Martino. The recently concluded treaty with France, sharply defining the range of questions excepted from arbitration, will serve as a basis for the negotiations with Italy.

Great Britain and Japan, which also have arbitration treaties with the United States expiring this year, have been invited to open negotiations for their renewal on the basis of the French treaty, but so far have not taken a step in that direction.

ROME, Feb. 15. — Italy has entered into negotiations with the United States for an "arbitration treaty," it was reported in authoritative circles this afternoon.

It is understood that Ambassador De Martino has begun conversations with Secretary of State Kellogg at Washington, the state department assuring the Italian diplomat it would welcome any proposals from Rome. The state department has shown marked friendliness for the Fascist government in financial as well as diplomatic relations between Italy and the United States.

Oil Sale Hearing Starts

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15. — The first hearing before the special board investigating the sale of oil from the naval reserve to the Royal Dutch Shell Corporation of Great Britain by the Honolulu Consolidated Oil Company of San Francisco was held at the navy department here yesterday. The findings will be submitted to Secretary Wilbur.

International Press Correspondence



Just Arrived No. 4.

Special Lenin Edition Pan-American Congress The Policy of the C. P. S. U. in the Village.

No. 3.

Jaffe's Suicide Letter to Trotsky Used in Faction Struggle.

A previously unpublished appeal by Lenin against the War.

A yearly sub. \$6. Six mo. \$3.50. 10c a single issue.

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BRITISH WORKERS FIGHT MOVE FOR "COLLABORATION"

Many Locals Hit Right Wing Betrayal

LONDON, (By Mail). — Scores of local trade union organizations have gone on record as opposing the "industrial peace" conferences between the right wing labor leaders and the group of industrialists, headed by Sir Alfred Mond.

The Nottingham local of the National Union of Railwaymen in a letter to the Sunday Worker declares: "This branch congratulates Mr. A. J. Cook on his stand for militant trade unionism on the General Council and suggests that the policy of 'industrial peace' is not in the best interests of trade unionism while victimization, wage-cutting and attacks on workers' conditions continue."

Commenting on the growing protest against the class collaboration schemes, A. J. Cook, Secretary of the British Miners' Federation declared, "The industrial peace negotiations now being carried on between the General Council and Sir Alfred Mond are meeting with increased hostility from the rank and file."

"The annual meeting of the Lancashire and Cheshire Miners Federation endorsed my policy on the General Council by condemning the Mond proposals. The same thing is happening in the trade union branches thruout the country."

Referring to the talk of industrial peace as "hypocritical," Cook said, "In the coalfields the government and the employers continue to starve and persecute our people. Wages are being reduced and mines are being closed. The Mond policy of rationalization has been applied in Yorkshire, and the speeding-up process is throwing colliers on to the scrapheap. In the districts the machinery of local poor relief has collapsed."

Flood Threat Looms For French Peasants

PARIS, Feb. 15. — A large section of France was threatened with floods today. The Seine River is 11 feet above normal and a rise of another foot is expected by Sunday unless cold weather checks it. Navigation is difficult. Flood damage is already heavy in the rural districts.

PROTEST TRIAL OF STEPHANOW

MOSCOW, (By Mail). — Protesting against the court martial proceedings against Boris Stephanow and his five fellow prisoners in Bucharest, the Executive Committee of the International Red Aid has issued an appeal to workers and intellectuals of all countries.

After pointing out that Stephanow has been kept in jail since August 1926 for participating in legal political activity and the two French lawyers who journeyed from Paris to defend him had been barred from Bucharest, the appeal protests against the secrecy of the trial.

"For legal crimes, darkness is desirable," the appeal states. "The toilers of all countries must protest against the planned crime. All those who still have ears for the voice of justice and humanity must protest. Send resolutions of protest to the Rumanian government and the Rumanian embassies. Send protest delegations to representatives of Rumania abroad. No meetings should be held without adopting resolutions of protest. Fight for immediate release of all the accused."

Dunne Will Speak At Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15. — The speaker at the Philadelphia Workers' Forum, which is held every Sunday evening at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1626 Arch St., for Feb. 19 will be Wm. F. Dunne, assistant editor of THE DAILY WORKER. His subject will be "The Crisis in the American Labor Movement." Discussion will follow.

Unions and Sympathetic Delegations

SEND DELEGATES

to the

CITY CONFERENCE

for

MINERS' RELIEF

Saturday, Feb. 18, 4 P. M.

at the

LABOR TEMPLE

244 East 14th Street.

The striking miners expect a successful conference!

Show your solidarity with the miners. Workers, see that your organization is represented.

For credentials write or call Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 233. Telephone: Stuyvesant 8881.

BRITISH COTTON WORKERS MAY GO ON STRIKE SOON

Fight Against Cut in Wages, Longer Hours

MANCHESTER, Eng., Feb. 15. — In spite of the conservative union leaders who are trying to forestall a strike, a walk-out is expected to follow the announcement by the General Purposes Committee of the Cotton Spinners' Federation that they terminate their present wage agreement in a month. The federation, it is understood, aims to reduce wages 12½ per cent and to increase the working week from forty-eight to fifty-two hours.

This announcement followed a series of conferences between the employers' organizations and the Amalgamated Association of Weavers. The delegates of the workers' federation have been instructed by the membership not to make any concessions on the question of wages and hours.

The decision of the employers to cut wages, if they possibly can, has aroused considerable scepticism about the so-called "industrial peace" conferences between the leaders of the Trade Union Congress and the group of industrialists headed by Sir Alfred Mond.

New U. S.-Brazil Line

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15. — A new cargo line will be established between the United States and several ports in Brazil as yet unvisited by United States vessels.



Come to the Land of Whangdoodle!

WHERE Sam Pickens got a job in a circus, yes, sah!

Where workers, both black and white work only 3 hours a day and there's music in the factory, and big laughing sunflowers 'round the door and beer flows out of every faucet. Sam Pickens is president there. Abe Lincoln helped elect him. There's song and dance and music in

HOBOKEN BLUES

The Daily Worker has taken a special night for the staff and the readers to see this new play by Michael Gold. Join us in the Land of Whangdoodle. Laugh with us, clap your hands to the tune of "Hoboken Blues" at a special

DAILY WORKER PERFORMANCE

Wednesday, Feb. 22 at the

New Playwrights Theatre

TICKETS At 10% discount for this special evening—or any evening of this play at Daily Worker local office, 165 E. 14th St.

PHONES Orchard 1655—Stuyvesant 6254

Worker Correspondents Appeal to Save 'Daily'; Against Penn. Coal Terrorism

PICKETERS BRAVE STATE COP GUNS NEAR ACME MINE

Union Organizer Fails to Aid Struggle

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., (By Mail).—I am sending this letter so you may know what is going on at Bentleyville and also publish the news in the DAILY WORKER.

The miners at Bentleyville in a joint meeting decided to mass-picket the mines that are now working on an open shop basis. The first mine to be picketed was the Acme Mine, owned by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. On the 16th of January, sixty-four men and about five women appeared at the Weaver Station. At 4 p. m. they lined up two by two and marched toward the Acme Mine. The superintendent of the mine was the first to see the marchers and he ordered the only one of the Coal and Iron police present to meet the strikers. But he only stood by the mule stable so that no striker should take a mule as they passed the mine.

So the strikers marched past the mine without any trouble, showing the scabs that they were still on strike. When the strikers saw that their picketing was good work, they turned back and marched past the mine again.

Rush Coal and Iron Police.

But when the mine officials saw the strikers coming back a second time they called for help which was sent them by one of the other mines close by. They sent more Coal and Iron police to watch the mule stable. But the strikers marched past the mine without a word.

Again nothing happened. Only the scabs sat around afraid to go home. Again the strikers turned and marched past the mine. This third time was more than the mine officials could stand. They again called for help, but this time they called on the state troopers who responded to the call at once. But the marchers marched on and were nearly a mile away from the mine when the state troopers approached them and broke up their line, arresting one man by the name of Martin Valente, who, they claimed, was one of the leaders of the marchers.

Quiz Arrested Picket.

Valente was taken to the coal company's office where he was asked who was responsible for the march of the strikers. He answered that he thought the scabs were responsible for it, because if there were no scabs it would be useless to march. This did not satisfy them so they took him to the justice of the peace at Bentleyville. There they told him to notify all the rest of the strikers that there would be no more marching at that mine and that only eight men were to picket the mine and no women, as that was no place for women.

Valente promised them that he would tell the strikers about the order of the state police. He was discharged on that promise.

But the next day the strikers again gathered at the Weaver Station to make another march. This time the state troopers did not wait for orders but broke up the line before the march could be started, again arresting two men.

These two men they took to the company jail where they were locked up. Some of the more active strikers went to look for the organizer to see what could be done for the two men in jail.

Organizing Poolroom

The organizer was easy to find because he always stays in one poolroom and tries to organize somebody in there. The organizer went with the two men to the company office and the state troopers' office.

In the state troopers' office, the organizer made a plea for the two miners in the jail and he came to an understanding with the state troopers, promising that if they would let the two men out of jail, he would see that the strikers stopped marching. So the state troopers let the two men out and freed them one dollar each and one dollar fifty for the costs, that made five dollars for the two men.

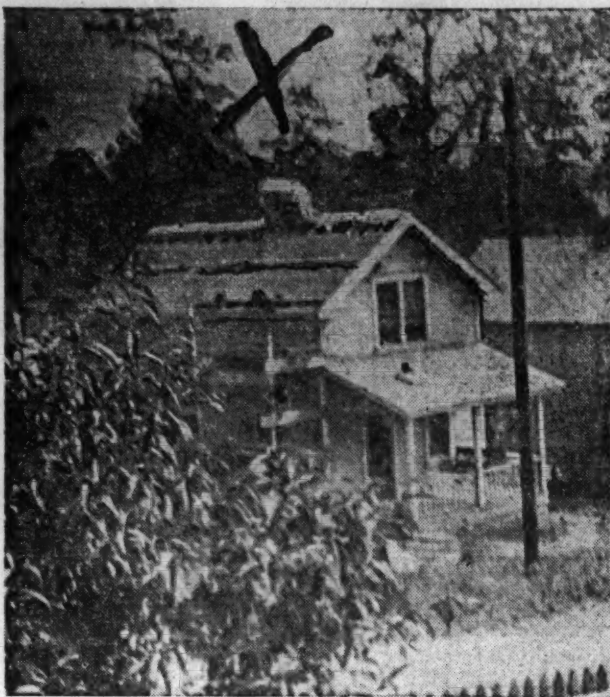
Then the strikers began to wonder what would happen next and on the 18th of January nobody went on the picket line because the men said that if only eight men came out the scabs and the yellow dogs would make fun of them. So nobody went out.

The organizers and the union officials always blame the men for the shortcomings in the union. This little news I have reported tells the difference. It shows that the strikers are willing to go the limit if they only have the right leadership. Our strikers here are all dissatisfied with the present leadership and its policies. But they don't know what to do.

—A MINER.

BURNS DENIES SHADOWING. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—In testimony at the criminal contempt proceedings Tuesday, Will J. Burns denied that his firm was employed to shadow the Full-Sinclair oil graft jury, in spite of the testimony to the contrary given by his employee, William J. McMillan.

Latest Methods in Eviction of Miners



This picture was taken shortly after police found that Andy Kine was too militant a striker to please their bosses. They decided that the best way to get him to move, as well as 10 others like him, was to strip the roofs off their houses and leave them without shelter.

Police Tear Roof Off Sick Miner 'Hell-Raiser's' Home

FINLEYVILLE, Pa., Feb. 15.—The monstrous activity of paid police officials in the mining districts in their attempt to break the morale of the strikers continue. Take the case of Andy Kine. He had been on strike and ill for over a year. His family was saved from eviction by the aid of the union, when the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. ordered them driven from their home. The following letter, written to THE DAILY WORKER by Mrs. Mary Kine, tells the story:

"I would like to subscribe to THE DAILY WORKER but I can't since we have no money; because of sickness and the strike my husband has not been working since Dec. 15, 1926, and doctor and hospital bills took all of our money. I will fill out the blank and will send the money whenever I can, so please send me THE DAILY WORKER at once and send it to my new address since we were evicted from Coverdale. I am sending you a picture showing how they started to unroof our house, and a constable's sale order on our furniture.

"The Union stopped the sale by paying our rent. We were among the first 11 families that got notice to move. The United Mine Workers' Journal of Feb. 1 tells that Vice-president Oster said that bosses were unroofing the houses to get eleven of the chief hell-raisers to move out. I am sure proud to be one of them; I wouldn't want to be a scab!

"Please send food and clothes up if you can as people are very poor and starving; only the Lewis machine gets relief while those that are against it don't get anything. If you send anything you send it in my name. Please also send me a bundle of DAILY WORKER papers. Signed, Mary Kine, Finleyville, Wash. Co., Pa."

New York District of Workers Party Raps Trotsky Opposition

FOR the past several weeks, the District Executive Committee of the New York District of the Workers (Communist) Party of America has been carrying on discussions among Party membership and among the non-Party workers of the district on the question of the Opposition in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. This question is not only important because of the fundamental issues raised in the controversy or because of the expulsion of Trotsky, Zinoviev, etc., but also because it raises the question of the socialist nature of the Soviet Union and with that the entire question of the defense of the Soviet Union against the imperialist attack.

The results on the whole are satisfactory and are an indication of the fundamental political soundness of the New York membership. The discussions this year are a continuation of those held last year and show the desirability of organizing discussions in the future of the fundamental questions involved, such as: building up of socialism in a single country; attitude toward the peasantry; question of the united front; organizational nature of the Communist Party, etc.

The Discussions. The discussions that have taken place reveal on the part of those that spoke against the resolution of the District Executive Committee, or who voted against, or abstained from voting on the resolution a wrong understanding on certain questions. Some comrades argued that the peasantry is a class enemy to the proletariat, that the village cannot be socialized, that the policy of the Soviet Union favors the peasantry against the workers—not realizing that the poor and middle peasant in the period of imperialism is not only a necessary ally for the conquest of power but also for the maintenance of power and for the building up of socialism.

Another issue on which a few of the comrades who voted against, spoke against or abstained or had a wrong position on, was the question of the united front attitude toward the Chinese revolution, the Anglo-Russian Committee, etc. Such comrades do not appreciate the importance of a temporary alliance with the national bourgeoisie of the colonial country when that national bourgeoisie is fighting against world imperialism and not hindering the development of the proletarian and peasant movements, nor do they understand that with changes in situation changes in

CALLS LABOR TO RALLY AGAINST OFFICIAL PLOT

Working Class Must Defend Their Press

(By a Worker Correspondent). Wall Street and its lackeys are threatening our DAILY WORKER for the simple reason that it does not hide the truth from the masses, like the capitalist press, and because THE DAILY WORKER fights for the interests of the working class. They want to silence our DAILY WORKER for it dares to expose their lies about the Soviet Union which are appearing daily in the capitalist press. They are trying to put our Daily out of existence by imprisoning its staff and imposing fines upon the paper. They find our comrades, Dunne, Miller and Bittelman, guilty of being true and sincere to the working class, for daring to fight against injunctions, and because they tell the workers to organize.

The capitalists are very powerful. We must realize the danger and come to the aid of our Daily without delay. We, the working class of America, must guard our DAILY WORKER and its militant staff with all means in our power.

—DAVID PRIGODICH.

NO JOB; COMMITS SUICIDE.

FREEPORT, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Funeral arrangements were being made today for Donald Harrison, 30, of 23 Willow Place, who committed suicide last night by swallowing carbolic acid in the bathroom of his home. The police say Harrison had difficulty in obtaining work.

logically: that at the end of six months their cases be reviewed as regards eligibility for office; that these steps are necessary for the ideological and organizational development of the Party.

2.—That discussions be organized in all language fractions.

3.—That all section executive committees should vote on the resolution of the Central Executive Committee and the District Executive Committee.

The New York District Executive Committee therefore not only confirms the stand of the Central Executive Committee of our Party in support of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union but also pledges to carry on the campaign for the enlightenment of the membership on the fundamental issues involved, the enlightenment of the workers generally on the socialist character of the Soviet Union and to carry on the most intensive and extensive campaign for rallying the workers to the defense of the Soviet Union, the workers' fatherland.

The result of the voting in all sections of the district was as follows:

Section or City	For	Against	Abstaining
1	122	1	7
2	98	6	8
3	145	0	4
4	32	1	5
5	87	2	5
6A and 6B	51	1	5
6C	30	0	9
7	(no vote taken, 1 spoke against)		
Nightworkers — morning	12	0	0
Nightworkers — afternoon	31	1	0
Newark, N. J.	39	0	0
Passaic, N. J.	8	1	7
Jersey City, N. J.	25	0	0
Perth Amboy, N. J.	18	0	0
Paterson, N. J.	23	0	0
German Fraction	16	0	1
Finnish Fraction	65	0	0

Total participating—865.
Against resolution—13 or 1.5%.
Abstaining on resolution—51 or 5.9%.
For resolution—801 or 92.6%.

JOIN IN A REAL FIGHT!



LENIN RUTHENBERG DRIVE

- | FOR | AGAINST |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Organization of the unorganized. | 1. Injunctions. |
| 2. Miners' Relief. | 2. Company Unions. |
| 3. Recognition and Defense of the Soviet Union. | 3. Unemployment. |
| 4. A Labor Party. | 4. Persecution of the Foreign Born. |
| 5. A Workers' and Farmers' Government. | 5. War. |

Join a Fighting Party!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party
(Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 43 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

NAME
ADDRESS No. St. City State
OCCUPATION
If you are on strike or unemployed and cannot pay initiation fee please check this box. ☐
UNEMPLOYED AND STRIKERS ADMITTED WITHOUT INITIATION and receive dues exempt stamps until employed.
(Enclosed find \$1.00 for initiation fee and one month's dues.)

DRAMA

Neighborhood Playhouse to Stage "Israel" With Cleveland Orchestra

"Israel," Ernest Bloch's symphony will be one of the important parts of the production which the Neighborhood Playhouse in conjunction with the Cleveland Orchestra, will make at the Manhattan Opera House the first week in May.

The arrangement for the stage was made by Irene Lewishohn and Nikolai Sokoloff. The preparations for this translation into plastic terms of the elemental dramatic idea of the composition will go forward immediately.

Writing of this symphony and the suggestion of a stage arrangement, the composer said: "I chose 'Israel' because my roots come from that soil. But it is not Israel alone in which I am concerned. It is the whole of humanity. And this is what ought to be made evident in any stage performance, no matter what surroundings or costumes we may choose." Earlier this season Nikolai Sokoloff directed his orchestra in the playing of the symphony here, in concert form, at Carnegie Hall.

"Broadway," which closed a 74 week run at the Century Theatre Saturday night, is making a tour of the subway circuit, playing at Teller's Shubert in Brooklyn this week. Next week it will be at the City Theatre on 14th Street and thereafter at the Riviera, the Bronx Opera House, the Majestic in Brooklyn, the Windsor in the Bronx, the Cort in Jamaica, and then for four weeks at the Broad Street Theatre, Newark.

cutive Committee of our Party in support of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union but also pledges to carry on the campaign for the enlightenment of the membership on the fundamental issues involved, the enlightenment of the workers generally on the socialist character of the Soviet Union and to carry on the most intensive and extensive campaign for rallying the workers to the defense of the Soviet Union, the workers' fatherland.

The result of the voting in all sections of the district was as follows:

IN GALS WORTHY PLAY



Geraldine Kay who is playing with Leslie Howard in "Escape," which is now in its fifth month at the Booth Theatre.

"HOBOKEN BLUES" OPENS AT NEW PLAYWRIGHTS TOMORROW NIGHT

"Hoboken Blues," by Michael Gold, comes to the New Playwrights' Theatre tomorrow night.

Interest in the play is evidenced by the fact that fifteen evenings are already scheduled for benefit performances. One of the encouraging developments at the Commerce Street Theatre is the support of the Labor Theatre going public. Among organizations which have booked dates are: Opportunity Magazine, the International Seamen's Club, Jewish Workers' University, Art Students of Educational Alliance, Bronx Labor Centre, Youth Conference for Miners' Relief, Workers School, Progressive Teachers' Union.

Hugo Gellert, well-known artist and cartoonist will speak this Sunday evening at the New Playwrights' Theatre on "Modern Art in Relation to the Modern Movement in the Theatre." The Dramatic League of City College will attend the meeting in a body.

"Spring 3100," a new play by Argyll Campbell, adapted and staged by Joseph H. Graham and Willard Mack, opened at the Little Theatre last night—a late addition to the premieres of the week. Joseph Kilgour, Mariposa Hayes, Jack McKee, Owen Martin, Lynn Eswood and Tammany Young are in the cast.

—The Theatre Guild presents—
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
John Golden Thea. 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 8:30.

Bernard Shaw's Comedy
THE DOCTOR'S DILEMMA
GUILD Th. W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 3:30
Feb. 20, "Marco Millions"

Republic Th. W. 42d Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 3:40

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30. Mats. Mon., Thurs. & Sat.
WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION!
Artists Models

WINTHROP AMES presents
JOHN GALS WORTHY'S
ESCAPE with LESLIE HOWARD
Th. W. 46th Evs. 8:40
Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat.

Broadhurst Th. W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat.
GEORGE ARLISS
in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

KEITH-JEFFERSON 14th St. & 3rd Ave.
Albee Evs. 8:30. Except Sat., Sun. & Holl.
TODAY, FRI., SAT. & SUN.
World's Best
8—KEITH-ALBEE ACTS—8

"The Private Life of HELEN OF TROY"
World's Most Famous Flapper.

THE one hundred and fiftieth performance of "Dracula" was celebrated at the Fulton Theatre yesterday afternoon.

The Theatre Guild's next production will be Stefan Zweig's version of Ben Jonson's "Volpone."

The shooting's all over now. In all seriousness yet, but with laughter, music, song and dance, the New Playwrights, beginning February 17, present at their theatre, 40 Commerce St. (phone Walker 5851)

Michael Gold's New Play

Hoboken Blues

For all performances, a 10% reduction will be given on all tickets purchased from the local Daily Worker Office 108 East 14th Street. Phone

Stuyvesant 6584.

MASS. ATTORNEY GENERAL FACES GRAFT CHARGES

Was Active in Sacco-Vanzetti Case

Arthur K. Reading, attorney general of Massachusetts, prominent in the frame-up which resulted in the legalized murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, is accused in the supreme court here of having accepted a secret fee of \$25,000 from the Decimo Club, Inc., which was at one time investigated by him in Massachusetts, and of having sought to prevail upon the Attorney General of New York to drop proceedings against the club. The charges were made by H. B. Monjar, founder of the club.

Reading was also accused of having obtained stocks and bonds worth several hundred thousand dollars from Monjar by threatening him with criminal prosecution.

Monjar is suing Reading and the present board of governors of the club to restrain them from disposing of the bonds. Supreme Court Justice Delehanty denied a motion by Reading's lawyer to suppress the papers filed in the suit by Monjar, on the ground that they "impugned the honesty of a public official." The Decimo Club has been under investigation in several states. It claims to be a "fraternal and social club" with initiation fees as high as \$100, and aims to secure for its members reduced rates for merchandise by means of special arrangements with dealers.

Payment of Munitions Debt Protested by USSR

Charles Recht of 110 West 40th St., attorney for the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, has sent a letter to the United States senate contesting the payment by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Co. of \$984,000 to Serge Ughet for loss of munitions belonging to the Russian czarist government in the Black Tom, N. J. explosion in 1916. Ughet claims to be the representative of the former Kerensky government and has been acting in an official capacity despite the collapse of that government. The United States "does not recognize" the Soviet Union.

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SANDINO, GANNETT TO SPEAK SUNDAY

Lewis Gannett, just returned from Havana where he attended all the important sessions of the Pan American Conference, will speak from the same platform as Socrates Sandino and various American trade union leaders, at the All-America Anti-Imperialist League conference here Sunday, 1:30 p. m., at the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th Street.

Gannett is an associate editor of The Nation and was sent to Havana to report the Pan-American activities of the United States government for that publication. While there he interviewed many of the delegates and pseudo-delegates of Latin-American governments. His address to the anti-imperialist league conference on Sunday will be his first public speech since his return to this country a few days ago.

For Permanent Body.

The conference is called to consider ways and means of meeting the Nicaraguan situation and to set up a permanent New York local branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. It will be a delegate conference of representatives of labor and anti-imperialist organizations throughout the city. The general public is also invited to attend.

Credentials thus far received at the league headquarters, 39 Union Square, indicate that a large proportion of the delegates will be from labor organizations, it was announced yesterday by Robert W. Dunn, secretary of the New York provisional committee.

Manuel Gomez, national secretary, has issued a statement calling attention to the fact that the conference in New York will be followed by similar local conferences in all parts of the country.

Asquith, English Anti-Labor Militarist, Dies

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Herbert Henry Asquith, who also had the title of Lord Oxford, former liberal premier of England, died this morning after a long illness. Asquith was premier from the outbreak of the war until 1916, when he made way for another liberal, Lloyd George. Asquith is often credited with having plunged



England into the world war. He was extremely anti-labor in all his policies, and he took a prominent part in the formation of a coalition with the Tories to prolong the war and thus consolidate the power of the workers in order to prolong the slaughter which was then going on.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER office before 6 p. m. on the day before publication.

U. C. W. C. W. Theatre Party. The United Council of Working Class Women will hold a theatre party at the Yiddish Art Theatre tonight. Tickets are obtainable at the council office, 58 E. 11th St., Room 525.

Lovestone Lectures Friday. Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Workers' Party, Communist Party of America, will speak tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Harlem Workers' Forum, 143 E. 103rd St. The subject of discussion will be "Prosperous America: The Meaning of 'Coolidge Prosperity' and How It Effects the Workers."

Miners' Relief Conference. The city conference for miners' relief will be held Saturday, Feb. 18, at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 14th St. Under the auspices of the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 425. All labor, fraternal and benevolent organizations are invited to send delegates.

Brooklyn Dance Saturday. The sports organization of the United Workers Cooperative will hold a dance Saturday evening at 2700 Bronx Park, E.

Boro Park Club Concert. The Boro Park Workers' Club will hold a second jubilee concert Saturday evening at 1973 43rd St., Brooklyn.

L. L. D. Bazaar. The annual bazaar of the International Labor Defense will be held for five days beginning March 7, at New Star Casino, Park Ave. and 107th St. All articles and contributions should be sent to 799 Broadway, Room 425.

Lecture in Lower Bronx. C. Marjorie will lecture on "The Change in Family Relations and the Role of the Woman in Industry," Friday, Feb. 17, at 715 E. 138th St. under the auspices of the United Council of Working Class Women, Council 3.

Freiheit Singers' Dance. The Bronx Section, Freiheit Singing Society, will hold a concert and ball Saturday, Feb. 25 at Rose Garden, 1247 Boston Road.

The International Labor Defense of Williamsburg will hold a dance Saturday evening at 75 Throop Ave., Brooklyn.

Lecture on Penalties. M. Roberts will talk on "Penalties in the French and Russian Revolutions" Sunday at 8 p. m. at the E. Flatbush Workers Club, 111 Rutland Road, near Sutter Ave., Brooklyn.

There will be a meeting of the young box workers employed in the paper box industry tonight at 8 at Astoria Hall, 82 E. 4th St.

Lecture Tomorrow. J. Levine of the Jewish Workmen's Children's School will lecture tomorrow on children's education in the Soviet Union at the East Flatbush Workers' Club, 111 Rutland Road, Brooklyn.

Brighton Beach Women's Council. The Brighton Beach Council, United Council of Working Class Women, will celebrate the installation of its officers at a banquet Saturday at 7:30 p. m. at 227 Brighton Beach.

Miners Look for Relief from Fig Labor Temple Conference

Striking miners from western Pennsylvania, temporarily engaged in relief work in New York, have sent word to the various strike areas of the impending City Conference for Miners' Relief Saturday, at Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., called by the Pennsylvania-Ohio-Colorado Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

The hope of the striking miners, who are relying solely on relief for sustenance, is focused on the conference, which is expected to form a center from which an intensive relief drive in New York and vicinity will be launched. The Workers' International Relief is cooperating with the committee.

Miners Send Emissaries. A. W. Sabatini, a striking miner, and a striking miner's wife and two children will arrive in this city to attend the conference. Sabatini will bring a message from the local unions and the miner's wife will tell of women's work in the strike and make an appeal for the relief of the starving and ragged children.

After the conference, she will in all probability remain in the city a week to address women's organizations. The call to the conference has been sent to all trade unions, workers' clubs, benevolent societies and fraternal organizations, but the list followed was incomplete, and the Miners' Relief Committee requests all organizations interested to apply for credentials.

Others Collect Relief. Eighty-four dollars were collected for the striking miners at a performance of "Breaking Chains," at the Queens County Labor Lyceum in Ridgewood under the auspices of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square. The appeal for funds was made by a striking miner and by Fred G. Biedenbapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief.

Twenty new members were enrolled in the Workers' International Relief at a mass meeting for miners' relief held recently at the Bronx Labor Lyceum. The new members constituted themselves a section of the organization and regular meetings will be held.

More than \$46 was collected for miners' relief at a dance last Saturday night held under the auspices of the Bronx Young Workers' Culture Club.

I. R. T. INJUNCTION PLEA IS DENIED

(Continued from Page One)

liquidated the organization through its ineffective methods.

An indirect threat by officials of the Laborborough was made yesterday that injunction proceedings may still be sought to protect an increased fare move should a decision favorable to the company result next Monday in the case of the three anti-7-cent-fare injunctions now pending before Justice Glennon.

City officials, it was announced, countered this threat with the warning that an injunction "revolution" of the packed in "sardines" who ride the subway would be the result of such a move. Reference was made to the near riot which occurred Tuesday evening at the Times Square station when several thousand subway riders who had been mauling beyond endurance, suddenly rebelled and with cries of "Down with the fare raisers," proceeded to rush the turnstiles.

ANOTHER MILLION OIL SLUSH TRACED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Disclosures yesterday by the Senate Public Lands Committee that H. M. Blackmer, who has refused to return from Europe to tell what he knows of the Continental Trading Company's affairs, gave at least \$5,000 towards the election of Coolidge in 1924, were added to today with further disclosures that \$1,000,000 in Liberty bonds had been traced to Blackmer.

The discovery of Blackmer's huge account in the New York Trust Company, accounted for \$2,169,000 of the Continental bonds. Up to date, the senate committee has shown that O'Neill of the Prave Oil Co. got \$800,000 of the bonds, that Sinclair paid \$233,000 of them to former Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall, that Sinclair gave \$75,000 of them to the Republican National Committee and that Henry Smith Osler, Canadian president of the company, got \$61,600 as a "commission" for handling the bonds.

The investigators also found a series of orders from Blackmer, distributing the bonds. These orders are now being traced to learn who got the bonds finally and what became of them.

CO-OPERATIVE REPAIR SHOP 419 1/2 6th Avenue, near 25th St. Shoes Repaired Suits Pressed While U Wait

LEARN PATTERNMAKING Learn designing, copying, pattern-making, grading dresses, coats, fur garments, also children clothing. Complete courses at low prices. **STANDARD DESIGNING AND CUTTING SCHOOL** 318 EAST 14th STREET ALGONQUIN 3277.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Secretaries Attention! All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER office before 6 p. m. on the day before publication.

Important Announcement! All Party and League members should report to 108 E. 14th St. today at 11 a. m. for important Party work. It is of utmost importance that all Party members respond.

Section 4-A will meet tonight at 8 **Affair For Daily Worker.** Section 5 will hold a concert and ball Saturday, March 3, at 2075 Clinton Ave. Proceeds will go to The DAILY WORKER.

Nicaragua Protest Meeting. A Nicaragua protesting meeting will be held Sunday at 2 p. m. at 15 W. 15th St. by the Harlem Section of The Party. Speakers: William F. Dunn, Bert Miller, Abraham Markoff and a Finnish speaker.

Eyeglasses Lost at Dance. Eyeglasses lost at Young Workers League dance last Saturday night should be returned to League office, 108 E. 14th St.

Hike Sunday Morning. The Young Workers League of Brownsville will hike to Jamaica Woods Sunday, starting from 1469 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 a. m.

Membership Drive Leaflets. The membership drive leaflets will be placed on sale at 32 a thousand to all Party units Monday at 108 E. 14th St.

Lecture on Tractition. Harry Oncher will lead a discussion on the tractition situation Friday at 6:30 p. m. at the meeting of Unit 15 Section 2A at 108 E. 14th St.

Hike Sunday. The Brownsville section of the Young Workers League will hike Sunday morning to Jamaica Woods. Will start from 1633 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 a. m.

Lecture on Lindbergh. Leon Platt will speak on "Lindbergh" at a meeting of the Upper Bronx Y. W. L. Sunday at 4:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave.

Yonkers Meet Tonight. The Yonkers Branch of the Workers Party will meet tonight at 8 o'clock at the Workers Cooperative Center, 252 Warburton Ave.

Harlem Meet Tonight. A lecture on the problems of the American working class will take place tonight at the meeting of Unit 3 at 145 E. 103rd St., 8:30 o'clock.

Brooklyn Dance. The International Labor Defense of Williamsburg will give an entertainment and dance Saturday at 75 Throop Ave., Brooklyn.

Section 2 Conference. A conference of the anti-trust and economic committee of Section 2 will be held Saturday at 1:30 p. m. at 141 W. 27th St.

"Lincoln and Douglass" Minor's Theme Sunday

"Abraham Lincoln and Frederick Douglass" is the subject which Robert Minor, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, will discuss at the Harlem Educational Forum, 170 W. 130th St., Sunday at 4 p. m.

Phone Stuyvesant 3515

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere Where all radicals meet. 302 E. 12th St. New York.

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OKINS Drug Store White Plains cor. Allerton Av. BEST SERVICE TO CO-OPERATIVE DWELLERS.

JOURNALIST BACK FROM HONDURAS

Charles Yale Harrison, New York journalist, who was forcibly prevented from entering Honduras on his way to Nicaragua where he was to report General Augustus's activities for a newspaper syndicate, returned here yesterday aboard the S.S. Olancha, a banana freighter, from Puerto Cortez, Honduras, where he said he was held a prisoner incommunicado under armed guard for three days by order of President Miguel Paz Barahona of that country.

Last night Harrison made public a letter of protest which he sent to Frank P. Kellogg, secretary of state, in which he referred to the indignities to which he was subjected while held prisoner aboard the ship. The Olancha flies the Honduran flag.

U. S. State Dept. In It. "No sane person would think for a moment," Harrison declared, "that any of the Central American governments all of them virtual American protectorates, would dare to make an overt move against an American citizen traveling with an American visaged passport unless the state department sanctioned such a move. Apparently the much-vaunted protection of American rights in Central America applies only to rights of investments and imperialist adventures."

Appeals radioed to the American Legation at Tegucigalpa, the capital of Honduras brought no results, Harrison said, and Lay F. J., the American consul at Puerto Cortez declared that he could do nothing to aid him "because of the political situation."

For three days, Harrison said he was under strict military surveillance with four armed guards immediately outside his stateroom.

Amalgamated General Board in Session Now

The general executive board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America began its quarterly meeting yesterday morning in the Hotel Manager. Officials of the Amalgamated from all the clothing centers in the country will attend this session. It is believed that the board will discuss the question of the agreements with the employers. Most of the agreements in the various men's clothing centers are to expire late in the spring of this year.

WANTED: A Good Stenographer To start work immediately. Must be a Party member. Write to: Address: Daily Worker, Box 10.

Dr. N. Schwartz 124 East 81st Street

SPECIALIST for Kidney, Bladder, Urology, Blood and Skin diseases and Stomach Disorders. X-RAY Examinations for Stones, Tumors and Internal Disturbances. Dr. Schwartz will be glad to give you a free consultation. Charges for examinations and treatment is moderate. Special X-RAY EXAMINATION 50. HOURS: Daily: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sunday: 10 A. M. to 12 Noon.

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Dr. Abraham Markoff SURGEON DENTIST Office Hours: 9:30-12 A. M. 2-8 P. M. Daily except Friday and Sunday. 349 EAST 116th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York

Dr. J. Mindel Dr. L. Hendin Surgeon Dentists 1 UNION SQUARE Room 303 Phone ALGONQUIN 1893

POLEN-MILLER OPTICAL COMPANY 11 GOLDIN - OPTOMETRIST 1690 LEXINGTON AVE. cor. 106th ST. NEW YORK CITY

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COMMUNIST SHOP PAPER IN ROLLS ROYCE AUTO FACTORY

The "Mascot" made its first appearance last week at the Brewster Rolls Royce automobile shop, Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City. The workers recognized it immediately as a paper sincerely devoted to their interests. Those who were unable to get copies eagerly borrowed from their shop-mates, and the men have since been talking about it. Many of them expressed their intention of writing to the "Mascot" letter box.

The welcome which was given "The Mascot" was due to its faithfulness in depicting every day life in the shop. Even the comparatively small item of drinking water was taken up in the paper.

Speed-Up System. The main article was on the speed-up system which is beginning to be introduced. There was also an article on the case of Bob Morrison, who was fired after seven years in the shop for fighting the speed-up. A copy of the union minimum wage scale was published and every worker made a comparison between his own slim pay envelope and the union rate for the corresponding type of work. An article on the temporary short work week for Brewster men demanded the 44 hour week with the same weekly wages as at present.

Expose Old Parties. The discussion of the sewage scandal in Queens brought home to the workers that the two old parties are equally corrupt. What the workers of Queens and of the whole United States need is a labor party, solidly based on the trade unions, to protect and fight for their interests, the paper said. Other such articles will appear in future issues.

The name of the paper, "The Mascot" is taken from the figure which appears on the engine head of every Rolls Royce car—that of a flying Diana. As this is the most precious thing in the shop, it makes an appropriate name for the shop paper.

"The Mascot" is the latest addition to the growing family of shop papers. The Workers (Communist) Party urges

Communist Shop Paper in Rolls Royce Auto Factory

The campaign of the Joint Defense and Relief Committee of Clockmakers and Furriers in the selling of membership certificates in the Workers Self Defense is developing successfully, according to report from the Joint Defense office.

In addition to the pledges made at the meeting of the dressmakers' section of the Trade Union Educational League several branches of the Working Women's Council have already bought a number of the \$10 membership certificates.

These certificates entitle the buyer to membership in the Workers' Self Defense, an organization composed of workers who are willing to loan money to see that the left wing wins the struggle in the needle trades, and succeeds in again establishing strong unions. Especially urgent is the need for the money with which to pay for the legal expenses involved in the furriers' Mincola case. Even if the appeal on this case is granted, the expense of a new trial must be met.

FAVOR PAY RISE FOR POLITICIANS

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 15.—While tens of thousands of workers tramp the streets and appear before the factory gates seeking a job the politicians at present convened in the New Jersey State Legislature in Trenton are seeking to feather the nest of their friends thru proposals for increases in salaries. Many appointments have been made to office on the part of republican and democratic politicians.

In the present session of the N. J. state legislature the following increases in salaries have been proposed: an increase from \$10,000 to \$20,000 in case of the governor; commission of education from \$10,000 to \$15,000; circuit court judges from \$16,000 to \$18,000 yearly; jail keepers to \$3,500 per year in 2nd class counties and to clerks of the grand jury in counties totalling a population of 500,000 to a salary of \$8,000 a year.

This is the line of action our legislators propose when starvation and unemployment is at its height; wage increases to politicians and their lackeys and no relief for the workers out of jobs walking the streets hungry.

Police Action Against Children Miners' Relief

A police official yesterday threatened Ann Washington Craton, secretary of the Children's Committee for Miners' Relief, 100 Fifth Ave., as a result of a campaign of the committee being conducted in the public schools to raise funds.

The committee said last night that they would continue to collect funds in the schools in spite of the attempt at police intimidation.

Recently leaflets issued by the committee to pupils of Public School 61, Charlotte St., the Bronx announcing a tag day was confiscated by the school authorities. Police then visited the Bronx committee headquarters located at 1440 Boston Road.

Entertainment and Dance SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 25

at **Hungarian Workers' Home Hall** 350 East 81st Street Admission 50c.

AUSPICES: SUB-SECTION 3 B WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

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—to help the miners
—for propaganda uses
—for education
—to help the Daily Worker
—to increase funds for current work

Raise Funds by Running a **BENEFIT PARTY** at the

NEW PLAYWRIGHTS THEATRE

For information write or call 36 Commerce St. Walker 5851.

The following organizations have already taken parties for "Hoboken Blues," by Mike Gold:

Feb. 20—Jimmy Higgins Book Shop.
Feb. 21—Unity Arbeiter.
Feb. 22—Matinee—Youth Conference for Miners' Relief.
Feb. 22—Evening—Daily Worker.
Feb. 23—City College group.
Feb. 24—Jewish Workers' University.
Feb. 27—Social Club.
Feb. 28—Social Club.
Feb. 29—Workers Party Sec. 3-4 S.
Mar. 1—Int. Seaman's Club.
Mar. 2—Workers Party Sec. 5.
Mar. 3—Lower Bronx Labor Centre.
Mar. 9—Educational Alliance.
Mar. 14—Workers School.

ATTRACTIVE RATES! Act Fast to Get Good Date!

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Deposit your savings on gold bonds secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses of the Cooperative Workers Colony or on preferred stock shares for the purpose of financing the cooperative stores of the Colony.

Office: 69 — 5th AVENUE, Corner 14th St. NEW YORK, N. Y. TELEPHONE ALGONQUIN 6900.

WOMEN CLUBS BUY DEFENSE BONDS

The campaign of the Joint Defense and Relief Committee of Clockmakers and Furriers in the selling of membership certificates in the Workers Self Defense is developing successfully, according to report from the Joint Defense office.

In addition to the pledges made at the meeting of the dressmakers' section of the Trade Union Educational League several branches of the Working Women's Council have already bought a number of the \$10 membership certificates.

These certificates entitle the buyer to membership in the Workers' Self Defense, an organization composed of workers who are willing to loan money to see that the left wing wins the struggle in the needle trades, and succeeds in again establishing strong unions. Especially urgent is the need for the money with which to pay for the legal expenses involved in the furriers' Mincola case. Even if the appeal on this case is granted, the expense of a new trial must be met.

Police Action Against Children Miners' Relief

A police official yesterday threatened Ann Washington Craton, secretary of the Children's Committee for Miners' Relief, 100 Fifth Ave., as a result of a campaign of the committee being conducted in the public schools to raise funds.

The committee said last night that they would continue to collect funds in the schools in spite of the attempt at police intimidation.

Recently leaflets issued by the committee to pupils of Public School 61, Charlotte St., the Bronx announcing a tag day was confiscated by the school authorities. Police then visited the Bronx committee headquarters located at 1440 Boston Road.

Entertainment and Dance SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 25

at **Hungarian Workers' Home Hall** 350 East 81st Street Admission 50c.

AUSPICES: SUB-SECTION 3 B WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

All Proceeds to The DAILY WORKER.

TICKETS ON SALE at Local Office, 108 East 14th St.

IF YOUR ORGANIZATION NEEDS MONEY

—to help the miners
—for propaganda uses
—for education
—to help the Daily Worker
—to increase funds for current work

Raise Funds by Running a **BENEFIT PARTY** at the

NEW PLAYWRIGHTS THEATRE

For information write or call 36 Commerce St. Walker 5851.

The following organizations have already taken parties for "Hoboken Blues," by Mike Gold:

Feb. 20—Jimmy Higgins Book Shop.
Feb. 21—Unity Arbeiter.
Feb. 22—Matinee—Youth Conference for Miners' Relief.
Feb. 22—Evening—Daily Worker.
Feb. 23—City College group.
Feb. 24—Jewish Workers' University.
Feb. 27—Social Club.
Feb. 28—Social Club.
Feb. 29—Workers Party Sec. 3-4 S.
Mar. 1—Int. Seaman's Club.
Mar. 2—Workers Party Sec. 5.
Mar. 3—Lower Bronx Labor Centre.
Mar. 9—Educational Alliance.
Mar. 14—Workers School.

ATTRACTIVE RATES! Act Fast to Get Good Date!

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Keep Your Savings in a Cooperative Institution

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"The Reds Alone"

"The one exception" says Mr. Julius Henry Cohen, open shop leader and chairman of the sub-committee of the American Bar Association, which offers the new anti-strike law proposal—"the one exception" to the unanimous approval of the effort to hamstring the labor movement, "is the organ of the Communists."

And the New York Times writes in a headline; "Reds Alone Oppose Labor Peace Plan."

These labor-baiters have said more than they realize. Of all forces in the labor movement, the "only" opposition to a measure proposal of major importance concerning the life and death of the trade unions, is voiced by the Communists. Does not this mean a little something more than the open-shopper, Mr. Julius Henry Cohen, realizes? The treacherous officials of the labor unions join with the most reactionary employers in proposing a law governing the lives of the trade unions from the benches of federal judges. This means that so far as these "fat boys" are concerned, the workers without leaders, or rather are with the aid of those leaders, being led into the trap. Mr. Cohen says that only the Workers (Communist) Party thru its central organ, THE DAILY WORKER is offering leadership against the anti-labor law. This is food for thought for millions of American workers.

But Mr. Cohen makes one little mistake. He does not follow out his reasoning. He forgets the "little" fact that the American working masses will be compelled to oppose the anti-labor law. The logic of life itself will compel them to fight, and they, as well as Mr. Cohen, will see that the reactionary trade union bureaucracy supports the anti-labor law that strangles them, and that "the Reds alone" give the ringing call to battle against it.

Therefore it will not continue to be "the Reds alone." It will be the Communist Party and the masses.

Being "alone" in refusing to betray the workers, "alone" to take the lead in attacking the workers' enemies, means to be with the masses when those masses move in their own interests.

Lincoln and Revolution.

That pompous ignoramus and defender of American imperialism, Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, utilized a Lincoln Day address at Washington to make a tirade against Bolshevism. Revealing his utter incapacity to deal intelligently with his subject he lumped Communism, liberalism and ultra-pacifism together in the general category of "internationalism" and demanded their suppression. The Utah senator, in attacking pacifism, is unappreciative of one of the most malignant supporters of imperialism and is not aware of the fact that Communists are the only real destroyers of pacifist illusions and that specific form of reaction that passes for liberalism.

Smoot must also be ignorant of the publicly expressed opinions on revolution of the very man whose anniversary he utilizes to vent his spleen against all who are not old guard republicans or he never would have chosen such an occasion for his outburst. We are quite sure that Smoot and his ilk would never approve the following:

"This country and its institutions belong to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government they may exercise their constitutional right to alter or amend it, or their revolutionary right to dismember and overthrow it."

Those are the words of Abraham Lincoln, uttered on the occasion of his first inaugural address. It is a Lincoln quotation that is studiously avoided by those imperialist orators who know of its existence. Certainly, in view of such an utterance in one of his inaugural addresses, it is ridiculous for Smoot and the other supporters of Wall Street rapacity to try to invoke the Lincoln tradition as justification of their crimes against the working class of the United States and their savage butchery of colonial and semi-colonial peoples.

We do not base our revolutionary activity upon the utterances of Lincoln, or Jefferson or Payne. The present need for revolutionary action against imperialism is sufficient justification for us. We will not, however, permit the Smoots to utilize the traditions of the outstanding figures of American history for their own reactionary aims.

That "Hun" Propaganda

A curious contrast between the sorely pressed British imperialism on the one hand and the savagely militant and powerful American imperialism of today is given in the incident of the "Edith Cavell" film, a moving picture show in which the old anti-German war-time bunk is the motif. Barred from Great Britain, where the bourgeoisie fears the slightest offense to prospective customers in Germany, the film is said to be eagerly bid for by American capitalists.

This sort of gutter-propaganda is still good for American internal consumption as a means of preparing the masses for the next world war—and it's good even if the Wall Street Empire were to have an alliance with instead of against Germany. Nowhere in the world have the workers a bigger task of fighting the imperialist war propaganda than in this country. The most dangerous of that propaganda however, is the steady stream which is directed to psychologizing the American workers for a war of American imperialism against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The "Edith Cavell" slush, with all its high price, is only routine poison.

He Didn't Lie This Time

The British imperialist propagandist, Sir Phillip Gibbs, has, for some strange reason spoken a few words of truth—that "America is the most dangerous nation in the world today." But he gives a confused reason. The real reason is that the Wall Street Empire is the most capable of depredations on the rest of the world, capable of strangling weaker nations, capable of fastening slavery upon exploited class and peoples, capable of taking the lead in the next world war for the redivision of the world for exploitation. Witness the present criminal war on Nicaragua and the brilliantly advertised plan of conquest of all of Latin-America. Witness the Coolidge's Four-Billion-Dollar Navy, deliberately planned for the coming world war.

For once, and within certain limits, Gibbs didn't lie.

The Wall Street Empire is the most dangerous force in the world.

"THERE ARE 400,000,000 OF US!"



The Revolution Spreads to the Chinese Villages.

The Letter of A. Joffe

EDITOR'S NOTE—A Joffe, for many years a member of the Communist Party, recently committed suicide in Moscow, leaving a letter in which he attacked the Party, the Communist International and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics from the point of view of the petty-bourgeois class, citing among other things the money contributions which he had made to the Party at a time when he was a prosperous petty bourgeois, remarking (from the class point of view of the petty bourgeoisie) the fact that the Revolution of the Russian working class had confiscated his property, and renouncing the teachings of Lenin in favor of those of Trotsky.

Mutilated and "edited" versions of this letter have been published in this country by various enemies of the working class. Not only including the capitalist press, but also the "New Leader," organ of the socialist party. The latest of these mutilated versions was published by Mr. Max Eastman, the renegade "Communist," in a recent number of "The Nation." In that version Eastman omitted certain portions of the letter which most clearly showed the moral breakdown and petty-bourgeois whining of Joffe.

The DAILY WORKER will publish the full text of the letter, the first part of which appears below. Joffe's letter will be followed by an article commenting upon it by J. Yaroslavsky. The Joffe letter is as follows:

Joffe's Letter to Trotsky.
My dear Leo Davidovich,

I have all my life maintained that a politician, or any person occupying a public position, must understand when to retire from life, and that it is better to do so too soon than too late. When, long ago, the suicide of Paul Lafargue and his wife Laura Marx created a great stir in the various socialist parties, I, inexperienced youth as I then was, emphatically championed the rightness in principle of their standpoint, and, as I still remember, I very vehemently replied to August Bebel, who was greatly incensed at the suicide, that even though there might be objections to the age limit set by Lafargue and his wife, since it was here not a question of years but of the possible usefulness of a politician, the principle could by no means be attacked of the retirement of a politician from life as soon as ever he was convinced that he could be of no further use to the cause to which he had devoted all his efforts.

More than thirty years ago I acquired the philosophy that human life is only of value to us so long as and in so far as it serves that infinity which mankind represents to our mind. Seeing that all else is finite, work in its service is senseless; whereas humanity, though possibly not absolutely infinite, is yet not likely to meet with its end for such long ages to come that it may be looked upon as an infinity. And he who believes in progress as I believe in it, can very well picture to himself that, even if our own planet perishes, mankind will by that time know the means of removing to other, younger planets.

True to Philosophy.

Mankind will thus continue to exist, and consequently everything done in its service in our time will also leave its traces in those distant epochs of the future, thus imparting to existence its sole possible sense and purpose. Herein and herein only can I recognize the sense of my own life. And if I now look back on my past life, 27 years of which I have passed in the ranks of our Party, I have in

my opinion the right to say that throughout my conscious life I have been true to my philosophy, that is to say that I have lived my life purposefully, because I have lived it in fighting for the good of mankind.

Even the years of imprisonment and penal servitude, during which a man is separated from the immediate participation in the fight and work for humanity, cannot be deducted from the number of purposeful years of his existence, since they served, as years of self-cultivation and self-education, for the improvement of later work, so that they too can be counted to the years of work in the service of mankind, i.e., to the purposefully spent years of a man's life. In this sense of the word, I believe I can safely affirm that I have not spent a single day of my life purposelessly.

Now, however, the moment is obviously approaching in which my life will lose its sense and in which I shall consequently be faced with the duty of retiring therefrom, that is to say of ending my existence.

Already for some years past, the present leaders of our Party—in keeping with their general policy of not giving the members of the Opposition any work—have refrained from employing me on any work, either in the Party or on the Soviets, of such a character or extent as would enable me to exploit my abilities to their maximum degree of utility. For the last twelve months, as you know, the Political Bureau has removed me, as an Oppositionist, from all Party or Soviet activity.

Had Been Inactive.

On the other hand, partly perhaps as a result of my illness and partly for reasons that you will know better than I do, I have for the past year taken hardly any part in the practical oppositional struggle or in the work of the Opposition.

After great struggles with myself and with extreme reluctance I turned to that realm of work, to which I had hoped to have recourse only when completely invalided, and devoted myself wholly and entirely to scientific, pedagogic, and literary matters. Hard as I found this at first, I gradually penetrated deeper into this work and began to hope that even in this connection my life would find that necessary inner usefulness of which I spoke above and which, according to my standpoint, can alone justify my life.

But my state of health grew worse and worse.

Around the 20th of September I was, for reasons unknown to me, invited by the Medical Commission of the Central Committee to a consultation of specialists. The commission diagnosed an active tuberculous process of both lungs, myocarditis (inflammation of the cardiac muscles), chronic inflammation of the bladder, chronic inflammation of the intestines and appendix, and chronic polyneuritis. The examining professors told me categorically that my condition was much worse than I had imagined, and that I could not even hope to resume my courses at the high schools (I. Moscow State University and Institute for Oriental Research). Indeed that it would be much more reasonable to give up all such activity.

Furthermore, I was to remain no longer at Moscow and ought not to delay a single hour in getting treatment, but should go abroad at once to a suitable sanatorium. Since, however, such a journey could not be effected in the space of one or two days, a certain treatment in the poly-clinic of the Kremlin was prescribed for me in the interim. In answer to my direct question as to what prospects of recovery I had abroad and whether I could possibly be cured in

Russia without giving up my activity as a teacher, the Medical Commission declared, in the presence of the chief physician of the Central Committee, of another Communist doctor, and of A. J. Konnelly, chief physician of the Kremlin Hospital, that the Russian sanatoria could by no means help me, but that I could hope to be cured abroad, seeing that hitherto I had never been treated abroad for more than two or three months at a time, whereas now they must insist on a hospital treatment of at least half a year, without prescribing any maximum duration thereof; in such circumstances they did not doubt that, if not definitely cured, I could at least hope to be restored to sufficient health to be able to work again for a considerable time.

Some two months after this consultation, the Medical Commission of the Central Committee, which had itself invited me to the said discussion, had not yet undertaken a single step, either in regard to my journey abroad or in connection with my treatment here. On the contrary, the Kremlin pharmacy, which had been wont to make up my prescriptions for me, had been forbidden to do so any further, so that I was deprived of the gratuitous medicaments I had been accustomed to use and was forced to provide myself at my own expense with medicines from the city apothecaries. Obviously the leading group in our Party had about this time begun to fulfill their threat of "hitting the Opposition a blow in the stomach," a threat also applying to the other members of the Opposition.

Grew Worse.

As long as I was still healthy to work, I did not trouble much about this. But as I grew worse and worse, my wife commenced to take steps with a view to having me sent abroad, and applied not only to the Medical Commission of the Central Committee but also to N. A. Semashko in person, who had always been loud in advocating the principle of "preserving the Old Guard." The question, however, was shelved again and again, and the only thing my wife could attain was that she was given the medical diagnosis in writing. This diagnosis enumerated my chronic diseases and pointed out that the council of doctors insisted on my going abroad "to a sanatorium of the type of Professor Friedlander's, for a stay of about one year."

In the meantime I have now been for about nine days in bed, since all my chronic ailments have aggravated and increased, as I suppose is only natural, and worse than all else, my old inflammation of the nerves has entered upon an acute stage, so that I suffer excruciating pain and can no longer walk.

As a matter of fact I have during these last nine days been without any medical assistance, and the question of my going abroad is being discussed. Of the doctors of the Central Committee not a single one has been to see me. Professor Davodenko and Dr. Levin, who visited me, prescribed some trifles which were naturally of no avail, but themselves confessed that they "could do nothing" and that it was essential that I should go abroad without delay. Dr. Levine explained to my wife that the matter was presumably being delayed in the Medical Commission for the reason that the latter was under the impression that my wife would accompany me and that "would naturally cost very much." If non-oppositional comrades fall ill, they, and sometimes also their wives, are sent abroad, accompanied by our doctors or professors; I myself know many such cases and must also admit that when I first contracted my nervous disease I myself was sent abroad together with

my wife and child accompanied by Dr. Kannabich. But at that time these newly-introduced usages were unknown in the Party.

My wife replied that, however serious my condition might be, she by no means claimed that either she or any other of my relatives should be sent along with me, whereupon Dr. Levin assured her that in such a case the matter could be far more speedily settled.

My condition is going from bad to worse, and the pains grew so atrocious that finally I was obliged to ask the doctors for relief of some kind. Today Dr. Levin was here and repeated that they could do nothing and that the only salvation for me lay in a speedy departure abroad.

In the evening my wife heard from Comrade Potemkin, the doctor of the Central Committee, that the medical council of the Central Committee had resolved not to send me abroad, but rather to cure me in Russia, seeing that the specialists insisted on a more protracted treatment and considered a short treatment useless. On the other hand, the Central Committee was prepared to spend about \$1,000 (2,000 roubles!) for this purpose; more than that could not be granted.

As you well know, I have in the past more than once given our Party 1,000 roubles and certainly more than I have cost the Party since I was deprived by the revolution of my fortune and I could no longer pay for my own treatment.

(To Be Continued.)

Octopus of Tory Imperialism

By C. E. ROY

People with one ear lopped, try to conceal it with hair and avoid a crowd. But those both of whose ears have been chopped off impudently pass through the centre of the village. Thus goes a Hindu proverb which embodies a psychological truth. This has been illustrated in the performance of The Daily Herald, an organ of the British imperialists in the guise of a labor paper.

The Daily Herald seems to believe that the Indians' decision to boycott the Simon commission was due mainly, if not solely, to misunderstanding, and misrepresentation of Labor's attitude towards the commission. The Herald's theory is evidently based on the assumption that Indians set a great trust in the labor party and hoped to gain much from it.

Labor Party Betrayed India.

If Indians really cherished any such illusions were they not effectively dispelled by the labor government when it merrily fell in line with the bureaucracy in India and sanctioned the ordinance law in Bengal, which has put militant workers in jails to rot.

By giving cordial support to the Simon commission, the labor party violated its own resolution passed at the Blackpool conference only a few weeks before the announcement of the people of India hope to achieve any practical benefit from the professions of sympathy of such a party? Now, the Indian people are convinced that any labor M. P. is as good as an imperialist as a Churchill or a Birkenhead. The labor organ is preaching to Indians "on the need of being a little more realistic in their interpretation of their slogan about getting their Swaraj by their own strength."

New Wave of Resistance.

There is no more illusion and that is why we see a new wave—a wave of revolutionary movement—spreading in India to day.

The Trend in Colorado Labor

By A. R.

The officials of the Colorado Federation of Labor have been, for some time now, more interested in their own political interests than in economic and political interests of the workers of the state. Their policy, of course, has been orthodox—helping their "friends" and "punishing" their enemies. Really, their political activities have taken up so much of their time that they haven't been able to any more than notice that the cab drivers of Denver should have been supported positively in the organizational effort they made some time ago.

They didn't have time to organize the miners throughout the state, let alone effectively oppose the wage-cuts that were imposed upon them in 1925. The packing house workers, the shoppers, the tramway men, all of them, not only suffered defeat under the leadership of Mr. Gross and Mr. Hoag and Mr. Howard and Company, but also no genuine effort was made to organize them again.

Too Busy With Bosses.

The bureaucrats were just too busy to take any part in the workers' economic struggles. They did take part in their political struggles, or rather, in the political struggles of the republican and democrat parties, which is as much as to say that the workers were not in on the political struggles at all.

Officials Benefit—Workers Lose.

The federation officials probably benefited, but the rank and file workers did not. There were wage-cuts in the mining industry, wage-cuts in the steel industry, wage-cuts and speed-up for motormen and tramway conductors, unions were smashed right and left, strikers were treated brutally, their strikes being put down by the use of steel and lead.

Mr. Howard of the Colorado Federation represents also the farmers, or at least, pretends to. In Weld county especially, agriculturists once effectively making a go-of-it, have had to abandon the farms they used to own. All they have faced recently have been debts, drought, mortgages, bankruptcy, depression and disappointment. One used to read a good deal about the farmers' cooperatives of Colorado; but these, for the most part, are just mere names at present, the cooperatives as actual, existent economic forces in the hands of farmers, belonging to the past.

Both Murderous Toward Labor.

Now, it was a democrat who was governor when the United Mine Workers of America led the struggle which culminated with the Ludlow massacre in 1914 (the strike did not stop the day of the massacre, but Governor Ammons is just as guilty of murdering Colorado coal miners as Governor Adams is, and both of them bear the mark of Cain for the same reason—so that the miners might be further enslaved).

Of course it would have been a gross error for the federation officials to have supported the republican candidates in preference to the democrat; for they are fully as murderous when dealing with labor.

Shoup, a republican, was governor in 1920 when tramway strikers were murdered in the city of Denver. Waterman, a republican, was "ticked to death" the day the Columbine massacre took place, because (the reason was in the back of his head) he foresaw this coming fall a republican victory.

What Is Future Policy?

Will the organized labor of Colorado elect republican and democrat candidates this coming fall? After having concentrated their efforts more on the democrats than on the republicans and being considerably responsible for the election of Sweet as governor, Stapleton as mayor, and Adams as governor (it must be borne in mind that the wages of the miners were cut while Sweet was governor and Stapleton has worked hand in glove with Adams while the present strike has been going on), will the officials of the Colorado Federation endorse again a republican or a democrat capitalist politician?

A Gain In Knowledge.

The workers and farmers in Colorado know what the two old parties mean to them, if they ask for better living conditions. They know that the agents of either of those parties will shoot them down. Columbine massacre is fresh in their minds. The prejudiced opinion as to the legality of the strike, the opinion of Attorney General Bostright, is not forgotten. The hostile attitude toward the strikers of the state industrial commission is vividly remembered. Farmers know their enemies by now. Capitalist class politicians, capitalist class parties are their enemies.

Conflicting Interests.

President Hoag gets his crumbs in the city hall of Denver. Secretary Gross and Mr. Howard are not in need. It may not be to their interests for the workers to have a party of their own. But the workers, those who have minds with which to think, will want a Labor Party, and they will make it known at the convention of the Colorado State Federation of Labor when it convenes next June. The farmers, who have minds with which to think, will also demand a party, of which they will make their cooperatives and other organizations a part.